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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXX NO. 115 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1942 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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Japanese Cut Through Yunnan Border

CHINESE HOLD OUT IN KATHA SECTOR

Enemy's Three-Point Thrust To Outflank Them

CHUNGKING, May 14.

Japanese vanguards are sixty miles to the west of Paoshan, two hundred miles inside the Yunnan border on the Burma Road, a Chinese Military Spokesman announced to-day (Thursday).

The Chinese, he added, have destroyed bridges crossing the Salween River and are holding the east bank.

Strong Chinese forces are consolidating their positions between Myitkyina and Mandalay disrupting the Japanese communications behind Lashio and awaiting an opportunity to attack.

TWO JAPANESE COLUMNS ARE DRIVING ALONG THE MEKONG, ONE NORTHWARD FROM THAILAND, ANOTHER FROM INDO-CHINA MAKING A FLANKING MOVEMENT.

THE CHINESE SPOKESMAN SAID HEAVY FIGHTING IN CHEKIANG PROVINCE OF CHINA IS EXPECTED. ONE JAPANESE AIRCRAFT CARRIER HAS ARRIVED IN HANGCHOW BAY WHERE THIRTY THOUSAND JAPANESE HAVE BEEN MASSED FOR A DRIVE INLAND.

RENEWED ENEMY DRIVE

In a renewed drive in the Yunnan province, the Japanese were attacking Tengyueh about sixty kilometres north-west of Lungling, revealed the Military Spokesman at a press conference in Chungking on Thursday afternoon. Although the small Chinese garrison there was no match to the attacking enemy forces, Tengyueh was still in Chinese hands. The new enemy force, however, was driving up the Burma road.

The enemy originally employed one regiment in the Yunnan campaign after the capture of Lashio, the spokesman added: this regiment made a hasty retreat on May 9th in the face of fierce Chinese counter-offensive, but it was soon reinforced by about four battalions from Burma.

Regarding the fresh Japanese operations in the Salween river sector, which formed the border lines of Burma, Thailand and French Indo-China, the spokesman said that so far only minor fighting had been reported. Whether these developments were a prelude to a major enemy drive, it could not be said for certain.

The spokesman revealed that the Chinese forces, which formerly fought side by side with the British on the Irrawaddy Front, were still holding out in the Katha sector, some 250 kilometres north of Mandalay, with the enemy attacking from the south-west.

Fighting In Tengchung

CHUNGKING, May 14

The Chinese "communique" states that fighting is progressing in Tengchung. At the same time the Japanese are advancing northeastwards from Lungling along the west bank of the Salween to make contact with the Japanese column in Tengchung.

COUNTER-ATTACK BY GURKHAS

To Stop Enemy Drive At Shwegyin

NEW DELHI, May 14.

Following the successful counter-attack on May 10 carried out by our forces against attempted enemy interference at Shwegyin with the movement of the Imperial troops in the Chindwin Valley, there has been no further contact with the enemy.

The counter-attack made by the Gurkhas at Shwegyin in Burma appears to have given respite to British troops for a day or two, although they have been subjected to air bombing, it is stated in London to-day. British rear guards are now thought to be near Kalewa. Small parties of Chinese appear to be operating in every direction of the Burma Road and the stage of almost Guerilla warfare seems to have been reached

Akyab Bombed Again By R. A. F.

Yesterday, the Royal Air Force bombers successfully attacked with bombs and machine-guns a paddle steamer and barges proceeding up the Chindwin River, says a 'communique.'

Details are now available of a second raid carried out on Akyab aerodrome yesterday morning. Heavy bombs were dropped on the runways and amongst dispersed aircraft. It is estimated that a further three enemy aircraft on the ground were damaged in this raid.

CHINESE CAPTURE HOHSIN

CHUNGKING, May 14.

The Chinese troops have recaptured Hohsin, 25 miles south-west of Nanking, the seat of the Japanese Puppet Government of China. About hundred Japanese were killed during the fight for the town.

Japanese Planes Bomb Yushan And Nanchang

According to the Chungking Radio: In Northern Kiangsi yesterday enemy planes bombed Yushan and Nanchang, while some of them flew over Kanhsien.

Tsienshan, on the north bank of the Yangtse river in the Anhwei province, was recaptured by the Chinese on April 21, according to a delayed report. More than 100 Japanese were killed during this fighting, and a quantity of war booty was seized.

British Press On Burma Campaign

LONDON, May 14.

In a general survey of the whole war horizon "The Times" says, "Everywhere in Europe, in Asia and in Australasia, except for the R. A. F. bombing offensive from British bases, the initiative is still to a great extent in the hands of the enemy, and yet that horizon, if still menacing, is not quite so unrelievedly black as it was a short time ago. It is more broken, and there are lighter patches amid the rack of the storm. We fight for respite now, but if we go on fighting in the spirit of the past few weeks, it may not be long before we are fighting with more positive aims in view."

The "Daily Telegraph" says: "The cause of all our troubles in Burma was the loss of local command of the sea. Deprived of that—it is a lesson for every campaign—we could not provide air strength adequate to protect troops nor send them reinforcements or supplies.—Reuter.

A. V. G. Plays Havoc On Jap Aerodrome

CHUNGKING, May 14.

A 'communique' from the American Volunteer Group states that the A. V. G. bombed and machine-gunned the main aerodrome at Hanoi on the afternoon of Tuesday.

Fifteen Japanese planes including bombers, one large transport, and two seater and single seater

(Continued on Page 5)

No Hostile Propaganda

Jawahar's Direction To Tanjore Congress Committee

TANJORE, May 14.

"No Congressmen is entitled to carry on propaganda against the A.I.C.C. decision. You should refer the matter to your Provincial Congress Committee for action."

Thus says Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in reply to the Tanjore Town Congress Committee's telegram to him and Acharya Kripalani, stating that "the Tanjore Congress Legislators are openly holding meetings, condemning the Allahabad resolutions and flouting the Congress discipline."

The Town Congress Committee also wanted instructions from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Acharya Kripalani as to what attitude they should adopt in this connection.

Acharya Kripalani has sent a reply asking the Committee to post details.—United Press

AZAD & JAWAHAR TO TOUR MADRAS PRESIDENCY

ALLAHABAD, May 13.

The "United Press" reliably understands that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will, on his return to Allahabad from Kulu, leave for Madras and undertake a tour of that Province for about a week or ten days.

The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, is also likely to visit Madras and tour the Province for a few days.—United Press.

CONGRESS EVACUEE RELIEF FUND

ALLAHABAD, May 14.

The A. I. C. C. office has received a little over Rs. 2,500 for the Evacuees Relief Fund which has been started on behalf of the Congress. The money is being sent to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad at Calcutta.

It is learnt a large number of applications have been received from doctors and others offering their honorary services in connection with the medical unit to be sent by the Congress for the relief of the evacuees from Burma.—A. P.

WHY KIDWAI WAS ARRESTED

LUCKNOW, May 14.

"Government have seen it is suggested that Mr. Aafi Ahmad Kidwai has been detained under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules as a result of some letter which he is supposed to have written to a member of the Forwards Bloc in Bihar. There is no truth whatever in this suggestion," says a Press note which adds "Government had not even heard of such a letter when the orders for the detention of Mr. Kidwai were issued. He has been detained Government is satisfied, on account of his recent activities, that it is necessary to prevent him from acting in a manner prejudicial to the Defence of British India and the efficient prosecution of the war."—A. P.

HAMBURG EXECUTIONS

MOSCOW, May 14.

Nineteen men were executed in Hamburg on May 17 for anti-war and defeatist views, states to-day's (Thursday's) Soviet 'Communique' supplement. "Many arrests are taking place in Hanover, Schwerin, Brunswick and other towns of people who express disapproval of the war", it added.

CZECH'S FREEDOM BY CHRISTMAS

LONDON, May 14.

The Czechoslovak Finance Minister, Doctor Feierabend speaking at Liverpool said: "Our President, Dr. Benes, confidently believes that we shall be back in our own country by Christmas. Already gaping cracks are showing in the Axis powers. To prevent a collapse, Germany must defeat Russia this summer; Germany herself has admitted this."

Women And Children In Air Raid Casualties

LONDON: The official announcement of air raid casualties during April 22 states that those killed or missing believed killed included 359 men, 446 women and 122 children under 16 years age as well as 11 unclassified. Seventy-nine children under sixteen were injured.

CONQUEST OF MANASSAROVAR

SWAMI'S ATTEMPT TO REACH 'ABODE OF THE DEITY'

CALCUTTA, May 14.

An attempt is to be made to reach the centre of Manassarovar Lake which is situated high up in the Himalayas at a height of about 15,000 feet above sea level.

The lake has a circumference of about 54 miles and few have ever reached the centre of it.

This feat is to be attempted by Swami Pranavananda who has already visited the lake a number of times. The Swami is leaving Calcutta to-night on a scientific mission. The purpose of which he told a Representative of the Associated Press, is to carry out certain investigations in the centre of the lake, a spot considered by the local inhabitants to be inaccessible to human beings because according to their belief, it is the abode of the presiding deity of the lake.

The Swami stated in this connection that in 1907-8 the Swedish explorer, Sven Hedin, used a canvas boat to make a study of the lake.

On the present occasion, the Swami intends to use a boat of more modern design and construction.—A. P.

THREE LAKHS COLLECTED

Bombay Fills Mahatma's Begging Bowl

BOMBAY, Thursday.

It is learnt that nearly rupees three lakhs have already been collected for the Andrews Memorial Fund, and it is expected the balance of two lakhs of rupees will be collected before Mahatma Gandhi leaves for Wardha on Sunday.

Mahatma Gandhi had a number of visitors to-day, including some prominent members of the Congress Socialist Party. There was a large congragation present at this evening's prayer at the Birla House, and after the termination of the prayer Mahatma Gandhi made a collection for the Andrews fund.

BULWARK AGAINST MALIGNANT WORLD

"India Must Share Equal Rights In Commonwealth"

SYDNEY, May 14.

"That India be allowed to share equal rights with other members of the British Commonwealth was urged by Indian Government Trade Commissioner in Australia Mr. R. R. Saksena in a statement to-day.

"India is strong and with her enormous potential resources and efficiency developed, will provide one of the strongest bulwarks against the malignant tyrannical forces threatening the world", he declared, adding "We in India are entitled to an assurance that we shall find a place in the royal household comparable with our dignity, honour and self-respect."—Reuter.

WAR DEBATE IN COMMONS

LONDON, May 14.

Sir Stafford Cripps stated in the Commons to-day that the promised debate on the war situation and organisation for joint planning would take place on the first and second days of the next series of sittings. Whether or not the Prime Minister would take part in the discussions on the war situation would depend on the war and on the Prime Minister. he added amid laughter.—Reuter.

QUAKE SHOCK RECORDED

LONDON, May 14.

An earthquake shock was recorded here early to-day by the well-known seismologist, Mr J. J. Shaw. It is believed that the earthquake occurred either between Burma and South China or in the bed of the Pacific near Central America.—Reuter.

LONDON: Christmas Moller who was Minister for Commerce in the Danish Government after the German invasion of Denmark has escaped to England with his wife and son.—Reuter.

No Direct Deal With Vichy

French Warships Being Immobilised At Martinique

WASHINGTON, May 14.

Three French warships in Martinique are being immobilised by the Franco-American Naval Commission. Important details have been discussed in conversation in Martinique between Admiral Robert and the American Representatives. The United States Government, it is learned, insists on dealing direct with Admiral Robert and not with Vichy.—Reuter.

U. S. DENIES DELIVERY OF VICHY COMMUNICATION

WASHINGTON, May 14.

A three-page note from M. Laval about Martinique which was handed to the United States Charge d'Affaires in Vichy had not been received by the State Department late on Wednesday evening.

It is confirmed that no communication from the United States Government has been delivered in Vichy which has been kept informed or partly informed by Admiral Robert, the French High Commissioner in Martinique.—Reuter.

KING WATCHES MOCK FIGHT

LONDON, May 14.

The King had his first experience of the new "tough" British army rehearsals to-day when bullets screamed past him and grenades and landmines exploded nearby as he watched a mock fight in a Surrey chalk pit.

Charging past on either side of the King, troops flung themselves down and fired bren and rifles and hurled grenads while trench mortars thudded over their heads. His Majesty commended the divisional General and staff officers on the speed and nerve of the troops. What he said was not a specially staged show. Officers told him that it was part of the ordinary training of the division.—Reuter.

JAP MERCHANT SHIP TORPEDOED

TOKYO, May 14.

A large Japanese Merchantship, escorted by naval vessels and carrying "persons engaged in economic activity in the southern region" was torpedoed and sunk in Eastern South-China sea states a "communique" from the Japanese war and navy ministries to-night. The torpedo instantly set fire to the ship. So far 541 persons are known to have been saved.—Reuter.

Enemy Supply Ship Set On Fire

LONDON, May 14.

"One aircraft of the coastal command last night attacked a medium sized enemy supply ship near Alesund," says an Air Ministry "communique". The ship was set on fire and left listing heavily.

Other coastal command aircraft found a ship aground near Vaagso and left it a total wreck.

STOP PRESS

RIOT NEAR KARUR

TRICHINOPOLY, May 14.

News reaches here of a riot which occurred at Aravakurichi near Karur on Tuesday culminating in attack on the local police station and the police opening fire as the result of which one person was killed.—A. P.

NEW YORK COTTON

To-day's closing 19.48

Red Army Smashes Nazi Line

RUSSIANS' THRUST ON KHARKOV

Advance On Leningrad Front: Battle Rages In Kerch

MOSCOW, May 14.

Marshal Timoshenko's troops have broken through the German first line of defence in the offensive against Kharkov. The enemy have been thrown back a considerable distance.

ADVANCE ON KHARKOV

An American broadcast from Moscow says that Marshal Timoshenko's troops are advancing on Kharkov itself, says a New York message.

To-day's Berlin Communique says: "On the Donetz Front our troops are resisting strong enemy attacks supported by tanks".

TWO-POINT THRUST

Details of the break-through the German first line by Marshal Timoshenko's troops which are attacking in the direction of Kharkov show that the attacking forces are streaming into and widening the gap. Soviet tank forces were hurled from two directions against one region of the German defences where there were large number of pill-boxes, minefields and tank obstacles. The Russians broke through and then left the men to surround pill-boxes where the Germans were still sheltering and smashed on the widening gap, driving back the enemy's other troops.

Nazis On The Run

Later details from the Kharkov front show that the Germans are retreating hurriedly and have been unable to get away guns, munitions and other materials. In sectors of the Kharkov front other than the breakthrough sector, Marshal Timoshenko's men have also seized many guns. The Germans are hastily throwing reserves into line, but failed to hold the Russians who in the first of battles have taken many strong points and many fortifications.

A dispatch from the Kharkov front to the "Red Star" says: "The Germans are sustaining heavy losses both in men and material. Everything is being abandoned by the Germans in great quantities. Soviet advance is so impetuous that the enemy in his precipitation has not had the time to evacuate fully munitions and other war material."

Advance On City

Reporting the break-through of the first German defence line before Kharkov by Marshal Timoshenko's forces, an American radio commentator said that Soviet troops are now preparing to advance against the second line and the city itself. Marshal Timoshenko's offensive, he continued, is not merely a diversion aimed at distracting the Germans from the Crimea. The battle is still raging.

The commentator described the battle of Kerch as severe as any in this war. He said both sides fully realise the importance of holding the peninsula which is too narrow to permit large scale engagements. Although the Russians withdrew to new positions, they maintain their full confidence in the final outcome of the battle.

Exaggerated Nazi Claim

LONDON: German claims for their successes in the Kerch Peninsula are believed by authoritative quarters in London to be exaggerated. Although the Russians have given ground, they are still on the peninsula. At Kharkov, where the Russians have started an offensive, there is a big salient and another to the south of Kharkov. An attack in that direction would straighten out the line and lessen the danger to the Russian army. It would also upset German plans if they had contemplated making an attack on the Salient.

Red Advance On Leningrad Front

"Active operations in spite of spring and thaw conditions" were reported in a special dispatch from the Leningrad Front this afternoon, which declared that Soviet Infantry units "are successfully advancing in close cooperation with tanks and the air force."

A special despatch from the Leningrad Front says: "The Germans in their desperate attempts to resist the onslaught of the Red Army are sustaining heavy loss in men and materials. Violent fire of the Soviet artillery as well as raids carried out by Stormovik bombers are clearing the way for the infantry and inflicting heavy losses on the enemy. Our air force, which has supremacy in the air, is bombing by day and night enemy lines of communication, hindering movement of his reinforcements.

In three days' operations our troops accounted for several hundreds of Germans and captured rich booty. Our airmen raided an enemy column, destroying ten tanks, twenty caterpillar lorries and many German soldiers. Soviet troops are continuing their advance. The Germans are attempting to check them by advancing at the second line of their defences but are compelled to retreat before the onslaught of the Red Army.

German Attack On Kalinin Front

An attack by German infantry battalion supported by tanks on Russian positions on the Kalinin Front is reported in the supplement to the Soviet midday 'communique.' The Russians allowed the attackers to come up close to their lines and then opened a withering fire followed by counter-attack. The Nazis were forced to retreat leaving behind 400 killed and wounded.

On an unspecified sector of the Leningrad Front 350 Germans were killed in two days' fighting.

SOVIET SCORES ON CRIMEAN FRONT

MOSCOW: "Red Star" says: "Our troops on the Crimean front which are already inflicting great losses on the enemy can and must stop him. Having gathered superior forces on the Kerch Peninsula, the enemy was able to breach our defences in one sector.

The Germans are trying to represent the offensive as a complete revision in the fortunes of war. What non-sense. The Red Army is in position to retain the initiative in its own hands. This was suifficiently demonstrated by successfully developing an offensive in the Kharkov direction."

The "Red Star" emphasises that the Germans have been prevented from preparing Spring and Summer operations as they wished.—Reuter.

NAZI ANTI-TANK GUNS

MOSCOW:—The Soviet Midday 'communique' says: Fierce fighting continued on the Kerch Peninsula, during the night. There was nothing of importance in other sectors.

In an attempt to stop the heavy tanks which the Russians are using on the Leningrad front the Germans are using six-inch anti-tank guns firing shells which develop a temperature of 3,000 degrees centigrade when they ex-

(Continued on Page 5)

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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A Young Kayastha of modern views and foreign qualifications settled in life and separated from his first wife seeks hand of a really good looking, intelligent and cultured young lady, virgin or widow, of any caste or community, age between eighteen and twenty-four. No dowry. Please write to Box 16211 "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Secretaries, Managers, Accountants, Clerks, Superintendents, Inspectors for each Districts of Bombay province. For Salary etc. apply to:—Manager All India Peoples Benefit Service (Camp)—Kolhapur. (16177)

M.T. B. College, Surat—Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary are invited for the post of a Professor (Lecturer) of Economics and Geography, so as to reach the Principal on or before 1st June, 1942. The appointment, will be up to 31st March, 1942, in the first instance. (8214)

Wanted for the Sarvajanik High School for Girls, Surat, Women Graduates with English (Hons.) and Women undergraduates with Science and History. Trained and experienced women knowing Gujarati preferred. Apply before 25th May, 1942, in the prescribed printed form to be had from the Society's Office. Applications should be sent to Prof. M. R. Palande, Secretary, Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat. (8348)

Wanted: 250 Candidates for Railway services, as Guards, Station Masters, Signallers, Ticket-Collectors, etc. Period of training 4-5 months. Free quarter. Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 80/-. Apply with -/1/6 to Director, All-India Railway Commercial and Telegraph School, Daryaganj, Delhi. (16186)

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The Lady Irwin College for Women, Sikandra Road, New Delhi, provides a practical course of studies and trains teachers in Home Science. The new session will commence on August, 17th. Applications should reach the Directress on or before July 15th. Minimum qualifications for admission—Matriculation or its equivalent. For Prospectus and further information write to:—Mrs. Hannah Sen, Directress. (8390)

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Well Established Printing Press complete machinery for Sale owner Retiring. Apply Box No. 16218, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Wanted Loan of Rs. 10,000 respectable party. Reasonable interest. Please correspond with Box No. 16210, "Bombay Chronicle".

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For Sale or Hire—A Chowkey suitable for office or Godown on B.P.T. ground Plot No. G. 114 at Cotton Green Dept., is for sale or hire. Apply immediately to Custodian of Assets of Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha Ltd., Menkwa Building, Outram Road, Fort, Telephone No. 32356. (16216)

653. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

Wanted Pure Copper Borings, Turnings or Shavings, not mixed with any other metals. Please offer with samples to Messrs. P. R. Kamani & Brothers. Mehsana, B. B. & C. I. Railway. (16153)

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GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

The Executive Engineer G.I.P. Railway, A.R.P.Works, Bombay, invites tenders upto 14 hrs. on 22-5-42 for carrying out A.R.P. works at Substations at Karjat and Thakurwadi on the South East Section. The Form of Tender, Schedule and Conditions of Contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2 per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3|- being made for each Substation. These sums will not be refunded. (8432)

NOTICE.

IT IS NOTIFIED that an EVACUATION BRANCH has been established by the IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA at LAHORE to deal with the affairs of the constituents of its BURMA BRANCHES now closed. All communications relating to the business of the Bank's former Branches at Akyab, Bassein, Mandalay, Moulmein, Myingyan and Rangoon should now be addressed to:—

THE AGENT,
IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA,
EVACUATION BRANCH,
MASSON NARSINGDAS BUILDING,
THE MALL, LAHORE. (8401)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

WANTED URGENTLY EXECUTIVE ENGINEERS, SUB-DIVISIONAL OFFICERS and ENGINEERING SUBORDINATES in the Central Public Works Department. Duration of appointments six months in the first instance with possibility of extension. Pay for Executive Engineers—I Grade—Rs. 950|- p.m., II Grade—Rs. 850|- p.m. and III Grade Rs. 750|- p.m. for Sub-Divisional Officers—Rs. 70 to Rs. 200|- p.m. plus Rs. 50|- as allowance and for Engineering Subordinates Rs. 70 to Rs. 200|- p.m. Persons who have recently retired from the Public Works Department are eligible for appointment. Applications should reach the Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal, Vithal Building, Mint Road, Bombay, not later than 20th May, 1942. (8416)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

WANTED URGENTLY one CHIEF TECHNICAL OFFICER for Air Raid Precautions in Factories. Age below 45 years. Must possess considerable practical experience in Engineering or Architectural work. Pay according to qualifications upto Rs. 1,000|- per month during period of training and upto Rs. 1,250|- thereafter. Appointment will probably be for the duration of War subject to termination on three months notice. Selected candidate will be required to undergo training in Structural Air Raid Precautions in England with particular reference to Factories and will be given a free passage to and from England. The period of training will depend on the qualifications of the candidate subject to a maximum of 16 months. Applications should reach the Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal, Vithal Building, Mint Road, Bombay, not later than 20th May, 1942. (8417)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for reconditioning of scrap white metal boring mixed with brass available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2|- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 2nd June, 1942 at 3 P. M. (S.T.). (8353)

NOTICE.

The Burmah Oil Company (BURMA CONCESSIONS) Ltd. and Burmah Oil Company (PIPE LINES) Ltd. hereby give notice to all their Locally Covenanted employees who have not already received instructions from them regarding their future employment that they must report their present address in writing to the Burmah Oil Company (INDIA TRADING) Ltd. at 9, Esplanade East, Calcutta, within 10 days of this date, failing which they must accept this notice of termination of their agreement with the Company in accordance with the terms of such agreement.

(Sd.) BURMAH OIL CO.
(BURMA CONCESSIONS) LTD.
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(PIPELINES), LTD.

15th May, 1942. (8409)

Public Notices

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES (Purchase Branch) Shahibag House, Ballard Estate, Bombay invites tenders for the supply o. galvanised sheets. Tender form No MP|8G|1430 may be obtained from him on payment in cash of Rs. 2- per set. Due date of submission and opening of tenders are 4 P.M. on the 25th and 12 noon on the 26th May 1942, respectively. (8428

DIRECTOR GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Tender No. 53 (B)

PACKING MATERIALS AND CONTAINERS

THE OFFICE of the Director General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi, invites tender for the following to be supplied immediately:—

1. Paper, oiled
2. Paraffin, hard.

Tender forms giving details of the articles required packing and complete particulars of delivery can be had on payment of Rs. 2-|- which is not refundable, from the Central Contracts Officer, Office of the Director General, Indian Medical Service and the offices of the Deputy Asstt. Director General, (Medical Stores), Medical Store Depot, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Lahore Cantonment. Payments should be made in cash or by money order only to the office from which tender is to be obtained. Tender number and remitter's full address should be given on the M.O. Coupon. Tender will be received upto the 25th May, 1942. (8427)

THE KHAR MODEL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S VIDYA MANDIR, KHAR.

THE VIDYA MANDIR will RE-OPEN after the Summer Vacation on MONDAY, the 1st June, 1942. Enrolment of students upto the V Standard will start from 1st June, 1942.

Enquiries can be made with the Hon. Secretary at "Alaka" 14th Road, Khar, on any day between 7-30 a.m. and 10 a.m.

S. B. KHER,
Hon. Secretary. (8429)

NOTICE

WANTED—for the Durbar Girls' High School, Jodhpur, (i) a LADY TEACHER, Graduate in Urdu, interested in extra curricular activities. Trained and Hindi knowing preferable. (ii) a lady Teacher Graduate, strong in Domestic science or a diploma holder of the 3 years' course of the Lady Irwin College, Delhi, Knowledge of Hindi essential.

Posts permanent. Grade Rs. 70-5-120. Period of probation upto April, 1943.

Applications should reach the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Jodhpur, before 27th May, 1942.

Candidates called for interview will have to appear at their own expense. 8405.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

ELECTION TO THE SENATE BY REGISTERED GRADUATES

As required by Statute 137(a), it is hereby notified that Wednesday, the 1st July, 1942, has been fixed as the date of election to the Senate by Registered Graduates to fill up FIVE vacancies that will occur on the 4th August, 1942.

2. In accordance with Statute 138, Tuesday, the 9th June, 1942, is fixed as the last date for the receipt of nominations in connection with the said election.

3. Under Statute 139, nomination papers must be in the prescribed form, and must be dated and signed by two electors and, where possible, must contain the names in full, addresses and designations, if any, of the two signatories and of the candidate nominated and must reach the Registrar, NOT LATER THAN 4 P.M. ON TUESDAY, THE 9TH JUNE, 1942. No person shall be nominated as a candidate for election unless he signifies his consent on the nomination paper.

4. Printed forms of nomination will be supplied to any elector on application to the Registrar.

5. Only those whose names stand on the Electoral Roll of Registered Graduates on the 31st March, 1942, will be entitled to vote. Copies of the roll can be purchased at the office of the University Registrar at Rs. 5 per copy of roll of 1941, and Re. 1 per copy of Supplement published in 1942, POSTAGE EXTRA.

6. In the event of the election being contested, voting papers will be forwarded to the electors at least 15 clear days before the date of election. Voting shall be by post according to the system of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote and full directions as regards the manner of voting and attestation will be given on the voting paper.

By order.
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 14th May, 1942. (8407)

Public Notices

NOTICE

THE NEXT SESSION of the Aligarh Muslim University will commence on 15th July, 1942. The last date for submitting Admission Application forms for all classes (except B. T. & B. Sc. Engineering) is 24th June, 1942. The last date for submitting applications for admission to the B T. class is 31st May, while that for B Sc. Engineering I Year is 30th June, 1942. Candidates applying for admission to University classes (other than B.T. & B.Sc. Engineering) will not be required to appear personally for interview. University Prospectus can be had from the undersigned free of cost, while the B.T & B.Sc. Engineering Prospectus as can be had on payment of Annas -/4/- and -/6/- respectively postage being extra. Students are advised to get the Prospectus and after studying it to apply on the prescribed form giving all details. All necessary certificates must also be enclosed with the Application form.

REGISTRAR.

Dated 26/4/1942. 8381.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI ABDUL AZIZ HABIBULLAHKHAN of Kurla has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to my client. All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their offices at Khorshed Baug, Opposite the Thana Station, Thana and Kharkarali, Thana, within fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the same will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be deemed to have been waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the structures and buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and bearing on the East side of Haveli Road at Ghatkopar in the Registration Sub-District at Bandra, which land is fenced with barbed wire fencing and bears plot No. 12 and the following description:—

Entry No.	Survey No.	Pot No.
828	252	2
841	253	1¼ and 2 out of and Falni Nos. 1-2.

and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on the East by the property of Mr. Joshi Printer and beyond that by Khadi, on the West by Chembur Road, on the North by the property of Chhotalal Kanji and on the North by Haveli that is the temple of Mumbadevi and by the property of Mavji Gheevala.

Dated this 14th day of May, 1942.

A. V. DIGHE,
P. V. JOSHI
Pleaders for the Purchaser.

Addresses:
Khorshed Baug, Opposite
Thana Railway Station,
Thana and Kharkarali, Thana. (8430)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE, WADI BUNDER, G. I. P. RLY.

Under instructions from G. I. P. Rly., and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 28th May, 1942, at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the above place unclaimed goods including:

Bags of Jawari, Bajree, Wheat, Oorid, Moha seed, Tilly, Moong, Toor, Leather cuttings, Carpets, H. E. Effects, Catachu, Dall, Chillies, Cotton seeds, Castor seeds, Cloth, Hirda, Linseed, G. N. Seed, Turmeric, Sugar, B. Nuts, Bundles of Gunny Brooms, C. Ropes, E. Tins, Papers, I Bars, Pipes, M. R. Tyres, E. I. Barrels, E. P. Cans, Eales of F. P. Cotton, Cases of Tea, Hardware, Shoes, Chapals, Soap, Haberdashery, Cycle parts, Elect. goods, Hosiery, Agarbati, Baskets of glassware, Bangle, Tins of oil, ghee, Rose water, Kegs of paint, glass chimneys, and bundles of stones.

Terms:—Full amount or 50 per cent. deposit and balance to be paid and delivery to be taken on or before 9th June, 1942.

Important Notice—No old or new iron or steel material can be disposed of without the buyer furnishing a licence or a written order from the Iron and Steel Controller.

BENNETT & CO.,

To-day's Last Opportunity! to see

Circo's Epic of and for the Nation

APNA GHAR

11th WEEK at

KRISHNA

Talkies—Dubash Theatre

3 Shows To-day:
MARATHI—3 p.m.
HINDI—6 and 9 p.m.

A GREAT PLAY FILMED!

IDA LOUIS starring
LUPINO · HAYWARD
with EVELYN KEYES
Produced by Lester Cowan & Gilbert Miller
Directed by Charles Vidor
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
—ALSO—
sensational knock-out fistic clash between
JOE LOUIS
and
BUDDY BAER
for the Heavyweight Championship of the world, with introduction by
Wendell Willkie

METRO
COMFORTABLY COOL
ESPLANADE ROAD
TELEPHONE 31045
DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 P. M.
2nd Big Week 2nd

with PETER LORRE · JESSIE RALPH
REGINALD OWEN · MATTHEW BOULTON
Directed by CLARENCE BROWN
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture

6th Week of Popularity
Hind Pictures Social
That is gathering crowds
SOCIETY
with
SITARA-NAZIR
SIXTH WEEK AT
NOVELTY
3 shows to-day 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30

PRAKASH PICTURES'
Station Master
Starring:
PREM ADIB, JAGDEESH, RATNAMALA, JIVAN
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
TO-DAY MATINEE AT 12-45
MINERVA
TALKIES
EVERGREEN RELEASE

TO-NIGHT
A Stirring Saga of Young People mad in Love
RANJIT'S
ROMANTIC
SOCIAL
The Guest
(MEHMAN)
Director:
CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Cast:
MADHURI, ISHWARLAL, SHAMIM, RAMA SHUKUL
Daily at 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Mat. Sunday at 12-45 P.M.
OPERA HOUSE

OPENING TO-MORROW FROM SAT., 16TH.

A PLEDGE SO DARING GIVES BIRTH TO AND SO DRAMA SUBLIME!
NEW THEATRES' Latest Sensation!
SAUGAND
—A PLEDGE—
Starring: BHARATI, PAHARI, ASHIT-BARAN, CHANDRAVATI

Direction: HEMCHUNDER
Opening TO-MORROW from SATURDAY at
KRISHNA

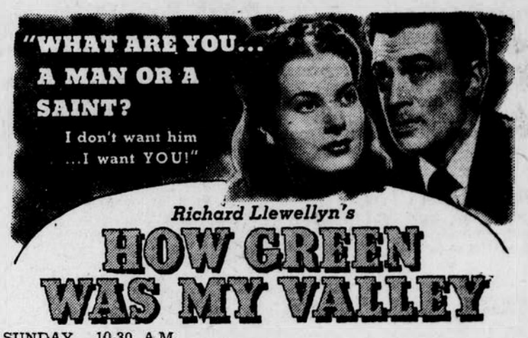
THE CAPITOL Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Thrilling Story of the "SO FEW"—in Combat and in Love!
'A Yank IN THE 'R.A.F.'
Tyrone POWER— Betty GRABLE
SUNDAY 10-30 A.M. "PETRIFIED FOREST" BETTE DAVIS, LESLIE HOWARD

Opening To-morrow at 1-30 P.M.
BELIEVE IT OR NOT....

A SINCERE LOVER but not an imaginative businessman, he made a mess of an easy affair by a hasty confession!

JANAK'S Maiden Social
RAI SAHEB
Starring
Jagdish, Kaushalya, Triloke, Ratanbai, Gope, Mirza Musharaf
Directed by S. M. YUSOOF
LAMINGTON
To-morrow at 1-30, 4-30 and 9-30 p.m.

THIRD WEEK! what more? REGAL at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.



Richard Llewellyn's
HOW GREEN WAS MY VALLEY
SUNDAY 10-30 A.M.
"HOW GREEN WAS MY VALLEY"
Reduced Prices.

7th Week From To-morrow!
NEW HUNS'
Smart Scrumptuous Comedy
PAHILA PALNA
(MANY HAPPY RETURNS)
Producer:
BABURAO PENDHARKAR
Daily: 3-30, 6-15, 9 p. m.
CENTRAL

PRAKASH PICTURES'
BHARAT MILAP
Now in 15th Week
Daily: 2-45, 6 and 9.
(Hindi)
MAJESTIC
Evergreen Release

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

Women And National Front

Some of the leading women social workers of Bombay met at a Conference at the University Convocation Hall on Thursday, at 4-30 p. m. to hear Mr. R. P. Masani, Provincial Leader of the National War Front explain the part that the women of Bombay can play in keeping up the morale of the civilian population and in countering rumours.

Mr. Masani after outlining the objects of the Front said that women had a great responsibility to shoulder in these times of stress.

A number of concrete suggestions were then discussed and it was decided that a further meeting should be held next Thursday.

The total approximate gross earnings of all State-owned railways for the period (ten days) ending 30th April, 1942 (third period) amount to Rs. 382 lakhs.

We manufacture Government Approved Type
A. R. P. Stirrup Pumps
Ready Stock.
Prices Moderate.
Shank & Company
Chandni Chowk, DELHI.

THE Mira TOOTH BRUSH
GETS INTO EVERY CREVICE!
The "Mira" toothbrush ensures thorough teeth cleaning and healthy gum massage. A specially designed tuft means that even the tiny, difficult to reach crevices at the back of the mouth (where decay often starts unseen) are thoroughly cleansed. The "Mira" is the right brush at the right price—with pure, selected bristles anchor set so that they simply can't come out! It lasts longer!
Look for the box with the blue band
HARD
M.T.1
MADE IN ENGLAND

The First KISS! Oh! The Joy Of It!
The same joy Bombay gets from Saraswatis' gayest, sublimest musical
AVAZ
From Tomorrow 2ND WEEK of Happy Audiences!
SWASTIK Daily: 3, 6, 9 p. m.
Sat., Sunday Matinee 12 noon
Plans open. Book In Advance
'Phone 41561

20 WEEKS YOUNG!
BOMBAY TALKIES'
JHOOLA
The Picture touched with the Mukerji Magic!
Daily: 2-15, 5-45, 9 p.m.
ROXY

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Vaishak Vad 30, 1998
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 28, 1361
Parsi Adar 13, 1311
Sunrise: 6-6 a.m. Sunset: 7-3 p.m.
Hightide: —, 12-29. Lowtide: 5-40, 18-14
Haj Committee' meeting at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at Haj Committee Office.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

METRO—"They Met in Bombay" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Ladies in Retirement" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m
REGAL—"How Green Was My Valley" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
LIBERTY—"Maisa" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"A Yank in the R.A.F." 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
SUPER—"The Return of Toofan Mail" 4-15 7 and 9-45 p.m
OPERA HOUSE—"The Guest" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Khandaan" 3, 6 and 9 p.m
EDWARD—"Terry and the Pirates" 3-30 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Punarmilan" 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m
PALACE—"Lady Be Good" 4, 6-30 and 10
AURORA—"Spare a Copper" 3-30 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Tulsi" 4, 6-15 and 9-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Pyar" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Garib" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Amrit" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Station Master" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Pahla Paina" 3-30, 6-15 and 9 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Apna Ghar" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Society" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Avaz" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15, 5-45, 9 p.m.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS: The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 14 will meet near Central Vaccination Station near Old Parel Tram Terminus to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-30 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the ward.

INCIDENT OFFICERS' TRAINING COURSE: Lecture on "Traffic Control at an Incident" by Mr. A. S. Trollip, to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. in the Conference Hall, Electric House, Fort. Open to Engineers and Architects.

A.R.P. EXERCISE: At the time of the A.R.P. Exercise fixed for May 19, all A.R.P. car volunteers, who have been allotted to the posts shown below are requested to go to those posts immediately on the sounding of the alarm.

A.R.P. Control Room; All A.R.P. Combined Depots; All Divisional Wardens' Headquarters; and Secretariat.

Other car volunteers are not required to attend their posts on this occasion.

GROW MORE FOOD CAMPAIGN: In furtherance of the Bombay Government's scheme for the production of more food, steps have been taken to grow vegetable and food crops in the compounds of Government offices and institutions and Government Officers' bungalows. It is likely that the office compounds will be let out on almost a nominal rent, as it is more important to have crops grown than to obtain a little more revenue.

AHMEDABAD PRESS SECURITY: The Government of Bombay has reduced the amount of security required from Mr. Kanchhodbhai Vajjibhai Patel, keeper of the Shree Narayan Printing Press, Ahmedabad, from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 500.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL MUSLIM STUDENTS' FEDERATION: The Asstt. Organising Secretary, B. P. M. S. Federation, writes:—Under the provision of Articles 3 (1) and 5 of the constitution of the All-India Muslim Students' Federation, "The Bombay Provincial Muslim Students' Federation" has recently been established as a unit of the All-India Body.

Muslim Weaver's Invention

A Muslim weaver of Malegaon has designed a dobby which is very useful for small power looms and for hand weaving. Official steps have been taken to help him in the manufacture and sale of the improved design.

This interesting fact is revealed in the report of the Bombay Department of Industries for 1940-41.

Anti-Aircraft Firing Practice

As anti-aircraft firing practice will be held between 8-30 and 9 o'clock on the morning of Friday, May 15, certain roads in Bombay will be closed during that period.

ON THE AIR

FRIDAY, MAY 15.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4 p.m. For troops in Burma. 5 Kallan Qawwal and party. 5-20 Chandabai. 5-35 Ghulam Husain Khan. 6-25 Zohra Jan. 6-45 Kumar Gandharv. 7-5 Kalyani Burman. 7-15 Krishna Lila. 4. 7-30 For women. 8-15 For villagers only. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Kalyani Burman. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Kumar Gandharv. 10-15 Chandabai. 10-30 Zohra Jan.

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Roshanara Begam. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English. 8-10 Mastana Qawwal. 8-20 Dattatriya K. Bidwe. 8-35 M. G. Basarker. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 V. S. Gangoli. 12-30 p.m. Ghazals and Geet. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Marathi songs. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 5 Tomorrow. 5-5 G. S. Yellapurkar. 5-25 Dattatriya K. Bidwe. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 S. N. Chapekar. 6 News in English. 6-10 Counter-attack. 6-15 News in Hindustani. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Aunty Hilda's Happy Half Hour. 7 The Layman's Economist. 7-15 Air Artist. 7-30 Mastan Qawwal. 7-37 M. G. Basarker. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 Ibrahim. 8 Roshanara Begam. 8-10 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-30 The Voice of America. 8-45 War review. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Dattatriya K. Bidwe. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Air Orchestra. 10-15 Roshanara Begam.

Bombay II—Programme.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Roshanara Begam. 8 Jaitarang Solo. 8-10 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Mastan Qawwal. 9 Violin recital. 9-10 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

5 to 6 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 6 Bhajan. 6-10 Thumri Tilang. 6-25 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Roshanara Begam. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 M. G. Basarker. 9-15 Ratnakant Ramnathker. 9-30 Mehli Mehta and his Sextette.

MORE SOUTH INDIAN PROGRAMMES

New Delhi, May 14.

All-India Radio announce that from Saturday, the 16th May, additional South Indian service will be radiated on a wavelength of 25.45 metres from 7-15 to 8-30 a.m. and from 1-30 to 2-30 p.m. and on 41.27 metres from 7-15 to 10 p.m.—A.P.

Balkanisation Of India

Jamnadas Mehta On What Fruits Partition Holds Out To Country

POONA, May 14.

The British Government themselves were talking of the future in terms of the elimination of isolationist tendencies and that they should adopt a wholly opposite policy in this country and make such a serious proposal as the partition of India as a condition precedent to its freedom was to his mind possible on only two suppositions. Firstly, they were totally misinformed as to the real conditions in India and secondly, their "bonafides" were absolutely wrong.

He did not wish to suggest that the proposals were made from any such bad motives, but tested in the light of the principles he had enumerated the proposals were not only bad for India, bad for the British Commonwealth, but bad for the world as a whole, said Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, member of the Defence Council, Government of India, speaking in the Spring Lecture series at Tilak Mandir last evening on "Balkanisation of India."

MISCHIEVOUS

Mr. Mehta said that apart from any sentiment or national feeling, the proposals embodied in the draft declaration of the British War Cabinet were mischievous from all points of view. If one thing had been brought out as a result of this war it was the danger of isolation.

The word "independence" had lost much of its meaning for smaller countries and the best world thought is more in the direction of a Federation of States than in the direction of separationist tendency and narrow nationalism which had been in many ways the cause of the last and the present war.

Continuing Mr. Mehta said that Balkan States in Europe were more a warning than an encouragement to the advocates of Pakistan in India. The jealousies, mistrusts and factions among the Balkan States for generations had been the cause of many wars in the past. The last war in fact arose from that fact and the present war at least technically owes its origin to one or two of the Balkan States. With this terrible experience which has devastated vast countries and put back civilisation, no sensible man could encourage the repetition or even possible repetition of such conditions in this country.

FRUITS OF PARTITION

Wherever there had been partition, went on Mr. Mehta, there had been a legacy of trouble and bitterness. It had even brought results harmful to the authors of the partition scheme itself.

Referring to the proposals of Sir Stafford Cripps Mr. Mehta said that American opinion, if well informed, could not consider the proposals as being either just or wise.

They had their own experience of a civil war which was fought to prevent the disruption of the Southern and Northern States of that country. It was, therefore, most unfortunate that the British War Cabinet should have yielded to a temporary mood of expediency based on ignorance of realities in India and sanctioned what was nothing less than partition of this country.

No reply had yet been given why the minorities in Pakistan should accept Muslim rule when the Muslims are supposed to be unprepared to accept, the so-called Hindu Raj. The more one examined the Pakistan scheme the more they appeared pernicious and dangerous.

The scheme must, therefore, be rejected not only by the Hindus, but by the Muslims themselves and by all other communities as a disaster which would overcome the country. If Pakistan became a reality, India would become insignificant internationally and the various provinces would live not in terms of peace, but on armed peace threatening each other and ruining all as the Balkans had done in the past.—A. P.

Late Mr. M. Ibrahim

A special meeting of the members of the Servants of Islam Society, Bombay, was held at its office on May 11 at 7 p.m. to recite Fateha and pay homage to the late Mr. M. Ibrahim Undre, Advocate, a founder member of the Society. The following resolution was moved from the Chair:

"This meeting of the Servants of Islam Society, Bombay, expresses its deep sense of sorrow on the sad demise of the founder member of the Society, Mr. Mahomed Ibrahim Saifuddin Undre, Advocate, and offers its heartfelt sympathy towards the bereaved member of his family."

MORE THAN HALF PROCEEDS SENT TO MAISKY

Mr. Tayab Shaikh, Secretary of the National Democratic Union and the local Radical Democratic Party, informs that more than half the proceeds of the sales of tickets of the Benefit Show that was given at Regal Theatre on March 3, in aid of Russia and the National Democratic Union, has been telegraphically sent to the Soviet Ambassador, M. Maisky, at London.

Mr. Hormusji Ardeshir, President, Indian Institute of Architects. He was elected Fellow of the Institute in 1935, and was its vice-President for 1940-41 and 1941-42. He has rendered valuable services as a Councillor nominated by Government in the Bandra Municipal Council from 1926 to 1930.

BUS DRIVERS AND CONDUCTORS DECIDE ON STRIKE

The General Secretary, 'BEST' Traffic Union, writes:—

At a general meeting of B.E.S.T. bus drivers and conductors at Congress House Compound, it was decided that as the B. E. S. & T. Co. was not giving any consideration to the demands made by the workers regarding restoration of the old grade, leave with pay and double payment for extra work done, notice should be given to the Company according to law that the bus drivers and conductors will go on strike after the 28th of May 1942.

NATIONAL WAR FRONT

To-morrow's Public Meeting

Under the auspices of the National War Front, a public meeting will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, to-morrow (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m.

His Excellency Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay, will preside.

The speakers at the meeting will be Mr. R. P. Masani, Leader of the Front, Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Mr. A. D. Shroff, Mr. A. A. Jasdenwala, Mr. S. C. Joshi, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, and Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy.

Bombay War Gifts Fund

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 94,21,252-11-4.

For Indian Red Cross and Amenities for Troops: Rs. 96.

For the R.A.F. Rs. 153-4.

For the Lord Mayor's Relief Fund Rs. 236

Grand total: Rs. 94,21,777-15-4.

Opposition To Change In Telephone Charges

The Secretary, Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, in the course of a letter to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay on the introduction of Message Rate system of charges for telephones in Bombay, says:—

In view of this almost unanimous opposition from the public to the introduction of message rate basis of charging for telephones, it is very unfortunate that Government should have again come forward with a proposal of the kind at this stage. My Committee are strongly opposed to the move and, in their opinion, there is neither any need nor any justification for the same.

In support of the proposal Government lay emphasis on the benefits it would give to the small user and consequently to the development of the telephone service.

From the point of view of the charges also my Committee cannot agree that it is at all advantageous to the small user.

My Committee naturally are at a disadvantage in discussing the technical aspect of this suggestion. They will, however, point out that message rate does not necessarily lead to a reduction in the use of the service and consequently to a diminution in the calling rate.

At any rate, the problem of congestion of traffic or overloading has not cropped up suddenly. If the existing exchanges and equipment were not sufficient to meet the requirements of the traffic, surely steps could have been taken to improve the position in the subsequent years.

My Committee strongly feel that there is neither the need nor any justification for such half-measures and the problem of efficiency and equipment should be tackled without any reference to the message rate system.

In conclusion, my Committee are strongly opposed to the proposal for the introduction of the message rate scale of charges and urge that Government should abandon the same.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS VISIT MAYOR

A deputation of 80 workers who had worked for the Bombay Municipality through a municipal contractor, led by Messrs. G. L. Kandalkar and Madhukar Sabnis, approached the Mayor, Mr. Mehersally, on Wednesday at the Mayor's office.

These workers were engaged by the contractor through a sub-contractor. For one and a half month, the labourers put in hard labour without, it is stated, receiving a single pie by way of wages. At the end of last month they approached the mukadam for wages as they were under the impression that they were the servants of the Bombay Municipality. But they were directed to go to the sub-contractor. The sub-contractor, is reported to have said that he was unable to pay the labour since he had not received his money from the contractor, whereas the contractor is stated to have declared his inability to pay labour as he had paid to the sub-contractor.

In a meeting on Esplanade Maidan of all the workers, Mr. Kandalkar said that the Mayor was going to make inquiries in the matter and that he had promised to render all possible help to the workers.

'D' WARD P.V.B. OFFICERS' MEETING: A meeting of the Asstt. D.Os., Circle, Officers and Sector Officers from 'D' Ward will be held to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Jinnah Hall.

(Issued from the Headquarters of the P.V.B.).

Under the auspices of the P.V.B. of the 'C' Ward there will be two public meetings at the following places, to-day (Friday) as follows:—

1. Patra Chawls, Bhawanishankar Road at 6 p.m.

2. Kasam Chawl, Bhawanishankar Road, at 7-30 p.m.

Divisional Officer 'A' Ward P.V.B. writes: P.V.B. Volunteers carry out a cart from to-day and every day for P.V.B. demonstration in their own Ward. They will sell P. V. B. literature and show demonstrations of First-Aid and A.R.P. in public.

Anti-Pakistan Day was celebrated at Shahjahanpur and Independence Pledge was read out by the president, Mr Bishan Chandra Seth, in a public meeting held in Baba Ambar Das Temple, speeches were delivered by Mr. Maharaj Dutta and Sardar Darshan Singh.

AIR RAID ALARM EXERCISE

Between Midnight Of May 18 And 19

The Government of Bombay intends to continue the series of Air Raid Alarm Exercises with a view particularly to the training of the public into the automatic taking of cover when the alarm goes.

The next Exercise will take place between midnight of May 18 and midnight of May 19, and will cover the Islands of Bombay and Salsette.

For this Exercise no indication will be given as to the time at which the air raid warning will be sounded.

The beginning of the Exercise will be indicated by the sounding of the "All Clear" which will immediately be followed by the Air Raid Warning signal. The end of the Exercise will be indicated by the "All Clear Signal". The Air Raid warning Signal on the sirens is a wailing sound continuing for two minutes. The "All Clear" is a blast of the sirens of two minutes duration at continuous pitch.

Every person who has no duties to perform in connection with Air Raid Precautions Services and who is within a building shall remain therein

All persons who have no duties to perform in connection with the Air Raid Precautions Services and who are in the open shall take shelter. Members of the public are especially warned that compliance with this order is not effected by remaining underneath any open or flimsy structure such as a porch, tram shelter or hawker's booth. All persns concerned must go and remain inside some solid building.

All vehicular traffic shall pull in to the left-hand side of the road and stop, but must keep clear of hydrants leaving a clear space of 30 feet on either side. All tram cars shall pull up.

All animals drawing vehicles shall be unharnessed or unyoked from their vehicles and shall be tied with a half inch hemp rope to the nearest tree or to a spoke of a wheel below the hub of the vehicle from which unharnessed.

Only Police vehicles, Vehicles which are the property of public utility companies and Essential Services, Vehicles which are the property of the Defence Forces and Vehicles which belong or are attached for the time being to the A.R.P. Organisation, shall be permitted to proceed on the roads.

If the Exercise is held after sunset, the drivers of all vehicles except those mentioned above, shall extinguish all lights immediately.

Every owner or occupier of any building or premises shall, on demand by any Police Officer, Civic Guard or member of the A.R.P. Services, admit into such building or premises any person seeking shelter during the Exercise.

Passengers in buses and trams should leave them to take the nearest shelter. There will be a complete cessation of movement for about half an hour.

Those who employ A.R.P. workers and Civic Guards are requested to free them from their work as soon as the first "All Clear Signal" is given.

All members of the public are warned that compliance with the regulations will be enforced, if necessary, by prosecution.

REMEMBER THE DATE ..... (BETWEEN MAY 18 AND MAY 19 MIDNIGHT)

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. Indarnarayen Brijmohanlall, LL.B., Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Bombay, is granted leave for 22 days, with effect from 6th June, 1942, with permission to prefix thereto the summer vacation of the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, from 11th May, 1942 to 5th June 1942.

The Governor of Bombay has created a temporary post of an Assistant Transport Officer in the Office of the Provincial Transport Authority, Bombay and to appoint Khan Saheb Solomon Benjamin, Officiating Personal Assistant to the Collector of Bombay and B. S. D. to hold it.

Mr. T. Ramchandra Rao, M.Sc., to be Officiating Entomologist in the Malaria Organisation in the Public Health Department from the 27th April, 1942.

INDIAN STEEL INDUSTRY

Precautions Against Hostile Attack

CALCUTTA, May 14.

Figures are available which go to show that the Indian Steel Industry has taken all precautions to give a good account of itself, should it experience a hostile air attack.

The A. R. P. services in different parts for each group comprise wardens, first aid parties, stirrup pump parties, fire fighting parties, ambulance, repair services, six first aid centres with a medical officer in charge of each.

All this work has been carried out in close co-operation with the local authorities and the civil defence department of the Government, and all services will be available to the civil defence authority in case of need, provided they are not more urgently required within the works itself.—A. P.

Medical Supplies And Stores

NEW DELHI, May 14.

Sixty-five per cent. of the medical supplies and stores required for the armed forces are now made in India as compared with 25 per cent. before the war, it is officially stated here.—A. P.

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL LEAGUE MATCHES

CALCUTTA, May 14.

The following are the results of matches played in the First Division of the Calcutta Football League this evening:—

Mohun Bagan 2, Sporting 2.

B and A Railway 1, Rangers nil.

—A. P.

Price Control In Ahmedabad

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 13

The Ahmedabad Price Control Committee has decided to buy a large quantity of wheat and rice owing to the present critical situation. All mills in Ahmedabad are instructed by Government to take A.R.P. measures in their mills under the A.R.P. ordinance. Instructions are also issued to factories. Some mills have started the work of digging trenches.

GOLDEN TOBACCO WORKERS CALL OFF STRIKE

The Secretary, Bombay Presidency Committee of the Indian Federation of Labour, writes:—

The workers of the Golden Tobacco Company of Vile Parle numbering about 150 went on strike on the 2nd of this month. The strike was the outcome of the proprietor's refusal to pay bonus. The workers formed a union with Messrs. N. N. Menon as President and R. R. Kodial as General Secretary. The proprietor agreed to recognise the Union, to pay 1/12th of a worker's wages for the year ending 31st March, 1942, as bonus to every worker and to increase the dearness allowance from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3/4 per month commencing from 1st May, 1942. An agreement to this effect was signed to-day morning and the strike was called off.

Beauty will reward you
A lovely, clear, youthful complexion is the reward of every woman who realizes that Nature needs her help. Every night while we sleep Nature meant the outer layer of skin gradually to disappear as it was worn out, but often minute particles of this old, worn-out cuticle clog up the pores and positively stifle the young, growing skin. Then complexions grow dull and patchy. The way to prevent it is to massage your face and neck each night with pure Mercolized Wax. Then, while you sleep, the Mercolized Wax will be gently, imperceptibly dissolving away every clogging particle of the old, weather-beaten skin and giving the fresh, new skin beneath a real chance. But be sure to get pure Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat), for nothing else works in quite the same natural way. Any chemist, store or bazaar will supply it.
Mercolized Wax
Local Agents: FRAMJEE & SON, P O. Box 542, BOMBAY

Cuticura

SOAP
Baby simply loves the caressing softness of its silky lather. It is soothing and cooling to hot, smarting skin.
FOR VELVET SKINS

Our Head Office is now in Bombay!
TO AVOID DELAY WRITE TO
P.O. Box 693 Bombay
May & Baker (India) Ltd.,
11 Clive Street, CALCUTTA
693
The transfer of our administrative offices from Calcutta to Bombay has now been completed. Our address is P. O. Box No. 693 and telephone number 32693. The telegraphic address is equally simple — "Maybaker", Bombay.
Our Calcutta Office remains a Divisional Sales Office in the old premises at 11, Clive St.; that office will distribute our products in Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, United Provinces, Central Provinces & Assam.
Since April 1st, 1942, we have taken over our own distribution in Bombay City and Presidency, Rajputana and Central India.
Our pleasant associations with I. L. Morison Son & Jones (India) Ltd., continue in Karachi where they remain our distributors for Sind and Baluchistan through their Karachi Office. McDowell & Co., Ltd., continue with Southern India and Guest & Co., Ltd., with Northern India. Ceylon, Kashmir and Goa arrangements are unaltered.
If you buy, use, or prescribe drugs and chemicals there will always be somebody at our offices to welcome you and discuss your problems with you. Your correspondence will also receive prompt attention.
MAY & BAKER (INDIA) LTD.
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The Bombay Chronicle

MISUSE OF POWER

Though the Government of India have agreed "for the time being" to continue to consult Press Advisory Committees before taking action against individual papers, their correspondence, with the President of the All-India Newspapers Editors' Conference makes it clear that they and most of the Provincial Governments advised by them are getting more and more impatient of criticism and seem disposed to scent danger in the mildest criticism. Else it is difficult to account for the continuance of the pre-censorship order served on a paper like the "Pratap" of Lahore and fresh assaults on public liberties as in the arrest and detention of a leader like Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, ex-Revenue Minister of the United Provinces. Pandit Jawaharlal's denunciation of the order on the "Pratap" is doubtless severe and the language used, in one or two places, is neither happy nor desirable, but the denunciation of the order itself is not undeserved. As the order imposes pre-censorship of every matter, including headlines, connected with the war, the international situation, internal security or civil defence measures in India or any other matter relating to the measures for the prosecution of the war taken by Government and as the censorship is to take place during office hours on working days only by the Special Press Adviser, Pandit Jawaharlal states the plain truth when he says: "It is obvious to even a tyro in journalism that no daily newspaper can possibly be published under these conditions and restrictions."

Punjab Premier's Apologia

The Punjab Premier naturally smarts under such criticism and offers but a lame defence of the order. "The Punjab Government", he says, "was forced to take the step as the "Pratap", in spite of repeated warnings, persisted in a policy prejudicial to the successful prosecution of the war." But in this the Premier is only begging the question, assuming what needed to be proved, that the paper's policy was prejudicial to war effort. The local Press Advisory Committee did not share the Premier's view and declared that the objections against the paper were "frivolous" and that the articles objected to were "quite unexceptionable." If the Government were so sure of their own view why did they not accept the repeated challenge of the paper to prosecute it in a court of law? We must infer they were not sure of their charge and, therefore, preferred the Fascist method of suppressing the paper without a trial. The Punjab Premier repudiates the charge of having demanded from the paper support to the Government's policy but adds: "The only condition which I stipulated was that the "Pratap" should give an assurance that it will not in future pursue a policy or tone which would prejudicially affect the war effort of the Province." The demand was unfair as an assurance not to prejudice war effort "in future" would be an admission that the paper had knowingly prejudiced war effort before. In fact there was no justification for demanding any assurance of good behaviour. The Standing Committee of the Editors' Conference has passed a resolution on the subject and has demanded the removal of the order of pre-censorship on the "Pratap". We trust Government will immediately act according to this advice.

Prove The Charge

The detention of Mr. Kidwai for the second time without a trial is another gross misuse of the Defence of India Rules. It is particularly reprehensible because the Government have not even specified a charge against Mr. Kidwai. Their silence in this matter is calculated to encourage the circulation of wild reports against him by irresponsible persons. One such report is already current that he wrote a letter to a member of the Forward Bloc expressing sympathy with the Bloc's alleged pro-Japanese activities Mr. Kidwai could not possibly have written such a silly letter and has publicly denied having written any such thing to anybody. If there is a letter of the kind indicated it must be a forgery perpetrated by persons interested in incriminating Mr. Kidwai. The Government have not only denied the knowledge of that letter but have also repudiated the suggestion that their action against Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai was prompted by such knowledge. They have, however, contented themselves with saying that Mr. Kidwai's recent activities have been prejudicial to the defence of India and the efficient prosecution of the war. This is very vague and common fairness demands that Government should either specify a clear charge against Mr. Kidwai and prove it or release him forthwith. The Government of India and the Provincial Governments must realise that trampling upon the elementary liberties of men and the press is ill-calculated to elicit enthusiastic co-operation from the public.

R. A. F. Successes

The blows that Malta dealt to the Luftwaffe during the last week-end were so spectacular that their challenge could not possibly be evaded. The Luftwaffe had to take it up. The Luftwaffe has, therefore, kept coming up but only for more blows. By Tuesday the figure of Axis losses in destroyed and damaged planes for five days had approached 140. And if during the next few days the average of Luftwaffe losses continues even at half the figure, the Germans are bound quietly to write off the Malta campaign as a very bad job, indeed. Off the coast of North Africa, too, the R.A.F. appears to be more effectively active. On Monday it scored a resounding success by shooting down for certain no fewer than thirteen German bombers and two fighters for the loss of just one fighter of its own. All this is quite heartening and encourages the hope that the R.A.F. has set about, in right earnest, the task of securing complete mastery in the Mediterranean regions.

Allied air power has struck successfully in the Far East, too. General MacArthur's headquarters reports some brilliant work by aircraft under his command. In addition to satisfactory defensive work at Port Moresby, where the Japanese lost three of their six 'zero' raiders, Allied bombers attacked a Japanese aerodrome at Rabaul blowing up three of fifteen enemy bombers and severely damaging many others. But the best raid was on Amboina in the Netherlands East Indies, 800 miles from Australia, where shipping was successfully bombed and the wharf set on fire. This raid is highly welcome because it indicates that General MacArthur is now receiving sufficient air reinforcements to be able to strike far and wide against Japanese bases and lines of communications. The potentialities of a persistent long range bombing offensive against Japan are immense.

U. S. A. And Vichy

No definite announcement has been made either at Washington or Vichy about the Hoover-Robert negotiations in Martinique. But there are enough pointers to lead to the conclusion that a deadlock has arisen. M. Laval, instructed and assisted by Marshal Goering, seems to have rejected the American demands on the ground that they are calculated to modify the status of the Antilles at present in force. The United States on its side is reported to have "stiffened" its attitude which implies that it insists on its demands for effectively neutralising the pro-Axis and anti-American possibilities of Vichy French territories in the Carribean as well as the half a dozen warships anchoring there. What will be the upshot of this conflict? It is noteworthy that M. Laval has induced Marshal Petain and Admiral Darlan to agree to his policy. The important question is whether M. Laval has decided upon a full blooded military and naval show down.

Frankly Speaking

Drive Into Yunnan

While British forces are retiring steadily towards Kalewa and the Indian frontier and the Chinese are harrying and harrassing Japanese forces and their communications everywhere in Burma, a grim struggle has opened for the Chinese province of Yunnan. More Japanese columns are reported to be driving into it from Siam and Indo-China. The Chinese can be trusted to fight stubbornly, but even though they may beat back the invader in some sectors, he is sufficiently strong in numbers and equipment to make progress in others. The Chinese have a way all their own, of redeeming seemingly critical situations—the five years' struggle is full of such instances. But it is undeniable that the position in Yunnan is growing, for the present at any rate, difficult.

A Smashing Raid

The picture, however, is not entirely depressing. It is relieved, but only slightly, by the American Volunteer Group who have already done such valuable and splendid work. On Tuesday the A. V. G. carried out a surprise smashing raid on the aerodrome at Hanoi, the important Franco-Indo-Chinese base of Japan, destroying 15 planes on the ground and damaging at least 25 others. This is a great blow to the Japanese air force. But this success only emphasises the urgent Chinese plea for aerial reinforcements, which can yet play a decisive part against the Japanese. To-day the A. V. G. are too few, too pathetically few.

Discrimination Still

Mr. M. S. Aney, Member, Indian Oversees Department, stated the other day that whatever might have been the position in Burma there was no racial discrimination in India in the treatment of evacuees from that country. Pandit Kunzru, who had visited several refugee camps in Assam in the company of Mr. Aney himself, questioned the accuracy of this statement and cited several cases of discrimination against Indians in India. Pandit Hargovind Pant, M.L.A., President of the Almora District Congress Committee, has now issued a statement revealing several fresh instances of alleged discrimination. He says: "I had occasion to visit the Indian evacuees camp —if I may call six small rooms in a small building by the name—on the evening of May 5, the capacity of the aforesaid six rooms is just sufficient to lodge 24 persons. But I found that 55 souls had been accommodated therein, men, women, and children promiscuously. And he points out how these arrangements contrast "with the nice arrangements for Europeans, Anglo-Indians and Anglo-Burmans" for whom "several well-furnished bungalows have been reserved."

A Pathetic Case

Pandit Pant tells the pathetic story of a respectable Indian woman evacuee from Burma who came to Almora with a number of minor children. "Being in the family way', he says, she wanted to go to a hospital. No arrangements for taking her there was available and apparently in a state of travail, she walked in the early morning in search of a hospital. But before she could reach a hospital, she was delivered of a child and the shop-keepers helped her into the Dufferin Hospital. Under such circumstances, she has been forced to prolong her stay and the authorities have refused her and her children maintenance from the evacuees fund." If the facts are as stated, there is something seriously wrong in our evacuees' camps.

Survivor Describes How Freighters Were Sunk

OTTAWA, May 14.

Fourteen are dead or missing in the torpedoing of the two Freighters in Saint Lawrence (reported earlier) according to one of the survivors who numbered 75. This survivor—a ship's officer—said that one Freighter was struck by two torpedoes The entire crew of 46 reached the shore in boats. The second Freighter was struck by a single torpedo about the same time. Twenty nine men were picked up, of the remainder one is known to be dead.—Reuter.

Allied Nations To Discuss Air Training Scheme

CANBERRA, May 14.

The Air Minister, Mr. Drakeford announced that a conference of the Allied Nations will be held at Ottawa on May 18 to discuss the practicability of a standard system of air training in all Allied countries on the lines of the Empire Training Scheme.

CANBERRA.—Enlistment from Australian military forces to the Australian Imperial force is being resumed, the Army Minister, Mr. Forde, announced to-day. Those members of the Australian military force now in the air reserve will be taken in immediately.—Reuter.

A. I. C. C. RESOLUTION

Reaction In Chungking

(By D. F. KARAKA)

CHUNGKING, April 3.
(By Air Mail).

When I was in India a great Englishman told me with a sigh that if he had any power, he would send the heads of the departments of the Government of India on a short trip to Russia just to learn the art of how to make quick decisions and get things done in World War II. I think he was right. But last night as I listened to the late B.B.C. news at one in the morning and heard the resolution which the Congress had passed, wherein it said that all that Congress intended to do in the event of a Japanese invasion of India was to offer non-violent non-co-operation, I felt equally certain that if I had any power I would insist that a delegation of responsible Congressmen should pay a brief visit to China if only to get some idea of the reality of this Far Eastern war.

* * *

I do not doubt that Congress has probably felt bitterly disappointed at the sequel to the Cripps visit and at the utterances of Sir Stafford on his way back from India. "The approach", said Sir Stafford in London on his return, "must now come from Indian leaders." All this, as also the general tone of Sir Stafford on his return, must have been disappointing to leaders like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who really did make a great effort to bring the negotiations to a successful close. Pandit Nehru has already expressed in very emphatic terms his disappointment at the sense of frustration felt by men like him, at the attitude of the British Government in their reluctance to part with responsibility in India. In all that the Congress has the sympathy of all thinking people all over the world—and even in China it has been proved beyond all shadow of doubt that thinking China sees quite clearly the Indian point of view that unless responsibility in the political sense is handed over to the people of India, it is not possible to mobilise the resources of a nation. A nation at war is much more than a government at war—and the Chinese people are the first to appreciate that point of view.

We next hear of Pandit Nehru's appeal to the Government to organise guerillas on a large scale in India. And there is great enthusiasm for such an idea here in China. Mr. T. F. Tsiang, former Chinese Ambassador to Moscow and now holding a post on the Executive Yuan comparable to that of Minister without portfolio, was asked by me at a press conference whether if such guerillas were organised either by the Government of India or by the Congress, China would be willing to send out experts to help to organise them. Mr. Tsiang had replied: "China would be willing to help India in any move directed against Japan."

* * *

While this is the trend of events, we suddenly hear of the resolution of the Congress at Allahabad wherein it speaks of going no further than non-violent non-co-operation in the event of a Japanese invasion. The B. B. C. observer in India, Kennard, put it very mildly when he described this attitude of the Congress as unreal. Perhaps the B. B. C. feels the need for restraint in its observation. But to those like me, who have looked upon the Congress leaders with great respect and looked up to men like Pandit Nehru constantly for guidance in many matters, this resolution is more than disappointing, and more than unreal. I have tried to gather in Chungking first-hand information about the Japanese from people who are neutral observers and been convinced beyond any shadow of doubt that these stories which we have heard about the uncivilised behaviour of the Japanese are not just propaganda.

* * *

I have heard here first hand stories of the Nanking massacres, where according to the Nanking International Relief Committee, headed by the German businessman John H. D. Rabe, who wore Hitler's highest Nazi decoration, the Japanese murdered no less than 42,000 people in Nanking alone, a large percentage of whom were women and children. It is estimated that 300,000 civilians were murdered by the Japanese in their march between Shanghai and Nanking. I have heard here from an American professor how he saw with his own eyes some of the atrocities committed on the Chinese. It is not untrue that women of all ages between 10 and 60 were raped. It is not untrue that mothers had often to watch their babies beheaded. Open air copulation was not uncommon when the Japanese took possession of the city. Nor was it discouraged by the Japanese High Command, who watched almost without murmur their soldiers let loose for over a month in an orgy of rape, murder, looting and general debauchery, which has nowhere been equalled in modern times. We in India have gone into hysterics at the reports of a few Australian soldiers becoming boisterous in the streets of Bombay. Letters have appeared in the columns of the press about them. The Municipal Corporation has passed resolutions about it. And now the lead which the Congress gives to the country is to offer non-violent non-co-operation to the Japanese soldier whose record in China has been a disgrace to man and God. I feel very strongly that such a resolution should and could have been passed by a great national organisation which is entrusted by a large majority of people with the destiny of so many millions in India. Without doubting the sincerity of the resolution or the provocation the Congress may have had at the hands of those who do not seem to want to trust it a resolution like that is harmful and detrimental to the interests of the people of India. In Japanese eyes it will be regarded as an all-clear signal for them to turn their attention to our country. It is one thing if we cannot co-operate with the British in the political sphere. It is a sacrilege to say that we will in the face of the Japanese put up merely a non-violent fight.

A resolution like this is confusing for those of us who have learnt to look upon the Congress for guidance. One cannot understand how Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru can, with his outlook in international affairs, believe that non-violent non-co-operation is the only answer we can offer to Japanese aggression. Some clarification of the position is necessary from him, as he is to-day the hero of modern India. How can those of us who applaud his idea of guerrilla organisation applaud at the same time a resolution for non-violent non-co-operation?

WAR-TIME PLANNING OF CROPS

Grow More Fruit And Vegetables

(By DINKER AMIN)

This war in the world turns everything into a problem Agriculture too, in all its aspects, has come under its black spell. There is an obvious scarcity of wheat for the country to consume, and other crops are feared to follow suit. Motor transport is suffering from the thirst of fuel and is restricting its services to industrial needs leaving the duties of agricultural transport to the quadrupeds.

The day comes near when they will totally come to a stop and shove the burden of all heavy transport, industrial as well as agricultural, on the shoulders of the bullocks. Suitable steps can and should be, therefore, taken to cut down the possible avoidable load, namely, that of hauling fruits and vegetables from the farm to the market, and market to the kitchens.

Much more important than that, is the problem of food. For, breaking up new areas for an excess of cultivation and power farming is not very easy till after the war, for want of machinery. So the lands already under tillage, should be harnessed to produce only the crops of harvest and be relieved of raising the delicate and perishable stuff like fruits and vegetables.

On the other hand, outside the cities, round towns and villages there happen to be a good number of big men in bungalows with fences of fair length and breadth. Some of them are fond of flowers in the front yard. But most have their sides and back yards growing grass and weeds, rearing insects of infection. Malies they have or can afford to engage, and help solve to a degree the problem of employing labour to advantage.

START FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PLANTATIONS

And here is an humble suggestion. The starting of fruit and vegetable plantations within the walls of our gardens, leaving a small plot for the love of flowers in the foreground.

Thus, in a country like this where cold storage system is not yet common, fresh vegetables will soon show up their merits in taste and health. Fruits will be realised in a year or two or five, in order of their kind and continue for a long while after to treat you in specified seasons.

EXAMPLE OF U. S. A.

I have seen in the United States of America a display of bringing up tomato plants on the largest commercial scale in small glass dishes filled with the nutritive chemicals within the walls of a room. And they are not only in one plane as on the fields, but a number of them placed one over the other at convenient heights. Experiments have enabled them to grow better brand of tomatoes than those ever on earth.

Dreaming of such in this land would be a mere waste of immagination. But I give it out here as an example of what can be done to spare the soft-tilled soils for the harvests of heavy demand. And planting wheat or rice in the yard would make it a garden of folly. That's a farmer's job.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

CHUNGKING, May 14.

The Chinese authorities have been drawing the attention of the Allied Governments to the employment of gas and even bacteriological warfare by the Japanese, according to a spokesman at a press conference here.

"The chief reason why China has failed to stop the repeated use of such warfare by the Japanese is that China has not been in a position to speak about reprisals as Mr. Churchill was able to speak to Hitler."

—Reuter.

* * *

The fifth session of the National Defence Council will be held at New Delhi early in July, says a report.

We have every reason to feel confident that it will be as overwhelming a success as the previous four.

* * *

Criticising the rather ridiculous Punjab ban on the 'Pratap' Pandit Jawaharlal said "we have got bored and tired with the incompetence in every respect of our provincial and Central Governments."

Little wonder that Sir Sikandar Hayat should be annoyed and deeply hurt.

* * *

The London correspondent of the "Times of India" reports that at a function in honour of the Indian High Commissioner, Sir Azizul Haq, Field Marshal Lord Birdwood considerately proceeded to satisfy the former's linguistic nostolgia by speaking in "fluent and beautiful Urdu."

Every Indian must, of course, bow before the superior authority of the corresponde but, so far as we are concerned, we once blundered into the noble and gallant Lord speaking "fluent and beautiful Urdu" from the B.B.C. We switched off after three minutes. But we are proud to gather that Sir Azizul Haq, proved himself made of sterner stuff.

* * *

Sir Stafford Cripps has announced in the Commons that the Government have decided to submit their coal proposals for Britain as a whole, covering production, consumption and organisation in the industry.

With the experience of a certain Cripps episode still fresh many M.P.'s must be wondering anxiously whether Sir Stafford would require them to accept the proposals as a whole, otherwise he would withdraw the "offer."

* * *

The A. V. G have smashed up another 40 Japanese planes at Hanoi for the loss of one.

If only these so few were not so few.

* * *

The American War Production Board claims that no enemy country has bombers comparable with the Boeing Flying Fortresses and the consolidated Liberators.

This is quite true.

But—how many do allied countries have?

* * *

We agree with the London view that "the Germans won't initiate gas warfare if they think they are winning the war."

But the trouble is that the Russians are determined to tempt them. Instead of indulging Nazi wishful thinking they have started a counter-offensive of their own. That is hardly conducive to non-gas warfare is it?

* * *

A German communique reporting a light naval engagement off the Dutch coast announces the destruction of one German E-boat against damage to two British.

We can scarcely believe it. Where is Dr. Goebbels and what has happened to him? Why did he possibly agree to refrain from sinking at least two if not six British boats?

* * *

Wife: "What have you done with that book, 'How to Live a Hundred Years?

Husband: "You don't think I'm going to leave that lying about with your mother in the house, do you?" replied Mr. Brown.

Our Readers' Views

Rice Supply To Konkan

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Konkan produces rice only one third of the quantity consumed by the populace for a year and naturally it was to depend upon for rice from outside places especially from Rangoon. But owing to the prevailing war conditions, the people of Konkan are faced with a serious problem of how to secure rice. It will be remembered rice is staple food of Konkan and many persons who have gone to Konkan from Bombay have to return back as the prices have risen to staggering proportions. It is, therefore, necessary to make an adequate supply of rice to Konkan for monsoon as difficulties of transport in monsoon will be manifold especially to the Northern part of the Ratnagiri District.

Some persons from that District approached me in this connection and I saw Mr. Panjabi, the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay. He informed me that he had gone personally to Konkan and has framed a scheme for adequate supply of rice in consultation with the Collector of the Ratnagir District Mr Aminuddin. According to the scheme the local merchants in Konkan are required to take out permits for importing rice from Bombay The Collector after satisfying himself as to the actual requirements of the local merchants issues permits to them and if the merchants are found unable to meet the demand the Government will themselves make arrangements for the supply of rice for the monsoon, before monsoon sets in.

Thanks to the efforts of Mr. Panjabi and Mr. Aminuddin in this respect and people can now leave a sigh of relief.

I would, however, like to draw their steps have been taken by them to allow a retsonable increase in the original prices. It is likely that some of the merchants taking advantage of the present situation would not sell rice and in fact some have refused, I am told, to sell rice, in order to reap an harvest for themselves in the monsoon This tendency of profiteering prevailing unfortunately among some of the merchants must be checked and I am confident that these officers will take due care to curb the evil by adopting strong measures to control the prices.—Yours, etc.,

S. K. BOLE.

"Words Will Not Stop The Japs"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Right pleased was I to read this appropriate advertisement published in the papers It was happily worded and attractively framed. I have only one criticism to make—the hour is too late for appeals howsoever stirring they may be. What we want now is orders, not appeals. If you wish to have quick and efficient results Let no one travel on trains without a Government pass. Let consumers have only so much candle power by way of electricity over a given area whether rich or poor. Let each office have a fixed quota of paper as you have done for petrol. Let no individual send parcels of fish, fruit and sweets to friends by the railways. Then see for yourself how you leave the railways free to do work for the troops; how you save Paper and help the Munition Board and how you spare Electricity for war purposes.

Appeals cannot go very far in a country like this where the largest political party has just passed the nonsensical resolution "non-violent non-co-operation" when the Japs have already bombed this country. In times of emergency Government must issue orders and ordinances without fear of anyone if we must win this War.—Yours, etc.,

RUSSA MEHTA.

Bombay.

Bandra Municipal Election

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—May I request you to extend to me the courtesy of your columns to press upon the attention of my Congress friends in Ward C of Bandra the claims of Mr. Ig. Fonseca to their support. In spite of his being a Government pensioner Mr. Ig. Fonseca had the courage to offer himself as a candidate in the last election on Congress ticket. He is a nationalist to the core and has never wavered in his duty towards the Congress Party in the Municipality during those three years and more. I hope and trust that the Congress minded electors of Ward C will not fail this year and give him their solid suport.—Yours, etc.,

RATANCHAND S SEMLANI.

Bandra.

Ruia College

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Recently I had the occasion to go round the famous educational institution, the Ram Narain Ruia College, Matunga. In construction and equipment, it hardly leaves anything to be desired. One also sees with a pleasant feeling nice, good sized pictures of people eminent in literary and scientific field hung on the wall. I however, noticed an omission which I think I may point out. While one could see, Carlyle, Keats, Browning Faraday Franklin; Indian celebreties in literary and scientific field like Sir J. C Bose Sir P. C Roy, Rabindranath Tagore, Sarojini Naidu were conspicuous by their absence. Yet it is these who will immensely catch the imagination of and inspire the Indian youth.

Literature and Science know no national barriers, and I have no doubt, the authorities concerned will readily rectify the omission.—Yours, etc.,

"A VISITOR"

Andheri-Versova Bus Service

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The Andheri-Versova bus service is, to say the least, very irregular and without any fixed and reliable time-table. Most of the buses are in a rickety condition, courting accidents every minute Reserved buses for purely fish traffic are not strictly maintained and as a rule mixed traffic is carried on; and decent people are forced into dirty buses full of fish.

It is high time that the service should be entrusted to recognised capitalists who can afford to keep and maintain separate cars for fish and passenger traffic at regular intervals.

We hope the authorities will be pleased to remedy the grievances without further delay.—Yours, etc.,

B. M. CHINAI.

Surcharge On Income-Tax

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I find from the 'Gazette of India Extraordinary' dated the 30th March, 1942, that the Government has introduced the following rates of income-tax and surcharge from 1st day of April, 1942:—

	Rate pies in a rupee	Surcharge pies in a rupee	Percentage
(1) *On the 1st Rs. 1,500 of total income	nil	nil	nil
(2) On the next Rs. 3,500 of total income	15	9	60.0
(3) On the next Rs. 5,000 of total income	15	9	60.0
(4) On the next Rs. 5,000 of total income	24	14	58.3
(5) On the balance of Total Income	30	15	50.0

From the above it can be seen that the percentage of surcharge payable by the lower grade assesses is more han the percentage of surcharge payable by higher grade assesses.

When the income-tax on slab system was introduced, the Government had given some relief to assesses earning between Rs. 2,000 and Rs. 5,000 i.e. lower grade assesses. Now under the current rates of surcharge percentage, payable by the assesses earning between Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 5,000 is more than percentage payable by assesses earning Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 10,000; Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 15,000; and Rs 15,000 to infinite amount.

I hope the authorities concerned would look into this and give relief to lower grade assesses, as they did by introducing income-tax on slab system.—Yours, etc.,

MINOO M. GANDHI.

Security Measures In Bengal

Special Criminal Courts Ordinance To Come Into Force In Two Districts

Blood Bank For Calcutta: Congress Attitude To A. R. P. In Bihar: Plan To Check Hooliganism At Lahore

CALCUTTA, May 14.

Special security measures applicable to the districts of Burdwan and Howrah are announced in an extraordinary issue of the "Calcutta Gazette" to-day.

The notification brings into force with immediate effect the Special Criminal Courts Ordinance 1942 in these two districts and appoints certain officers to be Special Judges and Magistrates under that Ordinance.

Another notification brings the Penalties (enhancement) Ordinance 1942 into operation in these two districts.

It is announced in this connection that owing to the present situation in Burma and the Far East and the imminent nature of the threat to this province and the situation resulting therefrom, the Government of Bengal have decided that the enforcement of these ordinances in the districts of Burdwan and Howrah is necessary to ensure law-breakers receive, where necessary, deterrent sentences and are tried with all possible expedition.

The ordinary courts will, however, continue to function in the two districts except for the trial of those offences which may be specified from time to time by the relevant authority.

The special judges are Mr. B. K. Guha, I.C.S., for Burdwan and Mr. A. F. M. Rahman, I.C.S., for Howrah.

Blood Bank For Calcutta

CALCUTTA, May 14.

A demonstration of the running of the blood bank organised here jointly by the blood bank committee and the provincial branch of the Indian Red Cross Society was held at the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health today. The Hon'ble Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, Member for Education, Health and Lands, Government of India, and Sir Gordon Jolly, Director-General of the Indian Medical Service, were among those who witnessed the demonstration, which included the collection of blood, serological tests and the separation and filtration of sera.

New Office Hours In Govt. Offices

CALCUTTA, May 14.

From midnight to-night, "Bengal Time" will cease to be operative throughout the province and clocks will be retarded one hour so as to conform to Indian Standard Time.

This is in accordance with the Government's decision announced last week. Concurrently with this change, it is officially announced that with effect from the 15th instant, office hours in Government offices in Calcutta shall be from 9-30 a.m. to 4 p.m. (I. S. T.), corresponding to the retardation in the clocks.

Most business houses it is also announced, will open and close "one hour earlier by the retarded clock."

Bihar Congress And A. R. P. Measures

MUZAFFARPUR, May 14.

The Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee at its meeting held here this morning, Dr. Rajendra Prasad presiding, resolved that the people should follow the instructions of the Government concerning A. R. P. measures, but should in no case become members of the A. R. P. Committees. Congressmen were permitted to exercise franchise in by-elections to local bodies, but not to take part in such elections.

The Congress Enquiry Committee report was considered by the Committee which expressed the opinion that the food problem was important and immediate effect should be given to the suggestions contained in the report.

Emergency Measures In Lahore

LAHORE, May 14.

To consider measures to protect life and property of the citizens of Lahore and prevent hooliganism during an emergency, a meeting of representative citizens of Lahore was held at the residence of Raja Narindernath. Among those present were Khan Bahadur Nawab Muzaffar Khan, M.L.A., Dr. Sir Gokal Chand Rarang, M.L.A., L. Bhim Sain Sachar, Leader of the Opposition in the Punjab Assembly, Sardar Bahadur Sardar Ujjalsingh, and Sardar P. S. Sodhbans.

Raja Narindernath, Nawab Muzaffarkhan, L. Bhim Sen Sachar and Sardar Bahadur Ujjalsingh who addressed the meeting emphasised the necessity of organising a non-official movement to educate the citizens on their duties during air attacks and to enlist and train volunteers for helping people in an emergency. A committee consisting of 30 prominent citizens with Raja Narindernath as president was formed to implement the decision taken at the meeting.

The Committee is holding its first meeting on May 19.—A. P.

More Evacuees From Burma

MARGHERITA, May 14.

It is learnt that several thousand evacuees from Burma, mostly Indians, are on their way to the Margherita end.

Arrangements are now in progress to provide them with cooked food and other help on their arrival. The Political Officer of the Rungpung Area is looking after the arrangements.

The evacuees will be provided with accommodation and food in the existing camps on the Assam side of the route by which they are coming.

It is proposed to send them home at Government expense.—United Press.

EVACUEES RELIEF COMMITTEE

CALCUTTA, May 14.

An evacuees' relief committee was formed at a representative conference held at the initiative of Dr. B. C. Roy to devise ways and means to secure employment for the evacuees returning from the Far East.

The committee includes, among others, Dr. B. C Roy (chairman), Dr. Shyamaprosad Mookerjee, Mr. Justice Ameer Ali, Dr. N. N Law, Sir Adamji Haji Dawood, Sir Abdul Halim Ghuznavi, Mr. G. L. Mehta, and Mr Kiron Shanker Roy.—United Press.

Commissions In Civil Pioneer Force

MADRAS, May 14.

The Madras Government have granted commission to one captain, two lieutenants and four second lieutenants in the Civil Pioneer force.

These officers will be proceeding to Dehra Dun for undergoing training in the Indian Military Academy.—United Press.

LEAGUE DEFENCE COMMITTEE

CALCUTTA, May 14.

Chowdhury Khaliquzzaman and other members of the Muslim League Defence Committee have left for Cuttack 'en route' to Madras. Sir Nazimuddin is leaving to-morrow to join the Committee.—United Press.

SOVIET DRIVE INTO NAZI LINES

(Continued from Page 1)

plode. The huge Soviet tanks, named after Marshal Voroshilov, have already destroyed a good number of these guns which the Russians call "serpents."

FIGHTING ROUND LENINGRAD

While attention has been focused on the Crimea, fighting has also flared up round Leningrad where despite mud, the Russians have conquerred several new positions. The food situation in the City appears to have improved. Food convoys are arriving regularly. Some foreign observers suggest that the German attack in the Crimea might be a feint, arguing that Hitler's next logical objective in Russia is Leningrad.

German Admission

BERLIN, May 14.

The Russians are counter-attacking on the Kerch Peninsula along the so-called "Tartar Dtich" on the line of fortifications about thirteen miles west of Kerch said a German High Command spokesman to-night Thursday.—Reuter.

AMERICA DEMANDS SECOND FRONT

WASHINGTON, May 14.

With the battle raging in the Kerch Peninsula American demands for a second front against Hitler have again flared up.

Increased Congressional advocacy for a second front is apparently due to the vigour of Mr. Churchill's speech on Sunday and last week's assertion by the Vice-President Mr. Wallace that Hitler was gathering all his remaining forces for the last desperate blow.

Senator Reynolds, Chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, said in a special interview with Reuter, "Now is the time to strike. Hitler knows it is the beginning of the end. We can deal with the Japanese afterwards."

Rs. five lakhs worth of wheat and cotton has been purchased by the Sind agricultural department to encourage growing of more food crops.

ACCIDENT ON N. W. RAILWAY

Sequel To Removal Of Fish Plates

KARACHI, May 14.

Wiring in connection with the railway accident which was reported to have occurred between Daharki and Reti stations, the Divisional Superintendent, North-Western Railway, says:—

"At about 23 hours on Monday night, due to the removal of fish plates and dog spikes with implements alleged to have been stolen from gang huts by the Hurs, a notorious tribe of dacoits, 625 Up goods engine was derailed and also 11 vehicles at mile 365/10 between Daharki and Reti on the Rohri-Khanpur section, blocking both up and down lines.

"The guard was killed and the Chowkidar is missing.

"All trains were detained till single-line working on the down line was restored at 15-30 hours on Tuesday. Normal double-line working was restored at one hour on Thursday.—United Press.

Cart Smashed In Collision With Train

MADRAS, May 14.

It is reported that a passenger train dashed against a double bullock cart on Tuesday night between Arambakkam and Gummidipundi stations. The cart driver who was seriously injured was removed to hospital where he died. The cart was smashed and one of the bulls was injured.—A. P.

FIND OF HUMAN BODY WITHOUT HEAD

MADRAS, May 14.

It is reported that a human body without head was discovered in the ash pit at Ongole Railway station on the northeast line of M. and S. M. Railway. The body has been identified as that of a local youth. The railway police are investigating the matter.—A. P.

Congress Medical Unit To Help Evacuees

CALCUTTA, May 14.

Dr. Subodh Chakravarty and Dr Biren Bose, members of the first batch of the medical unit despatched by the Indian National Congress to Dimapur for the relief of evacuees under the leadership of Dr. K. S. Roy, returned to Calcutta to-day. Dr. Roy who proceeded to Kurseong from Dimapur, is expected back in Calcutta shortly.

Dr. B. C. Roy who is in charge of organising the Congress Medical Mission, told the "Associated Press" that local enquiries made there showed that evacuees and refugees were not using the road through Dimapur, but were passing through Imphal. Dr. Roy said that he had a mind to open two camps. He had already deputed a man to make enquiries regarding the passage of refugees and evacuees.

Dr. Moonje's Plea For Guerilla Warfare

CALCUTTA, May 14.

The safety of Bengal lies in Guerilla warfare. This was the parting message to Bengal of Dr. B. S. Moonje who left for Nasik to-night.

While appealing to the Bengal Government to send at least a hundred young men to the Bhonsla Military College at Nasik where he would undertake to give them training in this kind of fighting, Dr. Moonje requested the youth of the province to train themselves in carrying on Guerilla warfare.

100 MORE SUBMARINES FOR AMERICA

WASHINGTON, May 13.

A bill authorising the Navy to construct an additional 2,00,000 tons of submarines was signed by President Roosevelt to-day.

This measure, it is understood, will provide over a hundred new submarines. The cost is estimated at about 900 million dollars.—Reuter.

PRESIDENT OF PHILIPPINES IN AMERICA

WASHINGTON, May 14.

"So glad to see you safely back in Washington" were President Roosevelt's first words of greeting to the President of the Philippines Dr. Quezon on his arrival here on Wednesday with his wife, daughters and one son.

Dr. Quezon was warmly welcomed at the station by President Roosevelt, Mr. Stimson, Mr. Hull, Mr. Ickes and General Marshall and others.

Photographers were busy while President Roosevelt and Dr. Quezon chatted informally beside the presidential car on the station Plaza.

President Quezon and family are spending the night at the White House and then moving to their own quarters in Washington which will be their headquarters.—Reuter.

Lahore: The Punjab Government have decided to empower all District Magistrates, under rule 56 of the Defence of India Rules to prohibit, restrict or impose conditions on the holding of meetings in the interest of the public safety, maintenance of public order or the efficient prosecution of war.

15 Axis Planes Brought Down

Air Battle Over Mediterranean: R. A. F. Repel Attack On Malta

LONDON, May 14.

Returning from a sweep on Tuesday morning, R.A.F. fighters encountered a large formation of German aircraft carrying troops over the Mediterranean and after a "crazy fifteen minutes" shot down thirteen junkers and two Messerschmitts for the loss of one British aircraft.

The German aircraft were sighted "right on the deck" in brilliant sunshine about five feet over the sea says the Air Ministry News Service. R.A.F. fighters immediately pounced to the attack and in a few moments the first junkers plunged into the waves.

An Australian Flight Lieutenant secured the highest bag of the day—two Junkers 52's and two Messerschmitts 110. As the battle was fought at such low altitude it was clearly seen that many troops were being transported. Large numbers of men were observed trying to swim away from the burning wreckage on the oil covered sea.—Reuter.

Air Raid Casualties In Malta

LONDON:—Our fighter aircraft at Malta destroyed two 107's two 109's and one ju-88 between noon on May 12th and noon on May 13th it is learned in London. This brings Malta's figure for the month to 63 and the total from the beginning of the war to 516. —Reuter.

Casualties In Britain

LONDON: The Ministry of Home Security announces that Civilian casualties in Air-raids on Britain during April were 938 killed or missing and believed killed and 918 injured.—Reuter.

PACIFIC WAR COUNCIL DISCUSSES PRODUCTION

Roosevelt "Lectures" Against "Loose Talk"

WASHINGTON May 14.

Members of the Pacific War Council conferred for an hour and a half with President Roosevelt at the White House to-day. Dr. T. V. Soong, the Chinese Foreign Minister, who acted as spokesman afterwards said that the Council examined production figures which were steadily mounting in a most gratifying way. It also discussed warfare in the south-west Pacific".

Pointing out that Chinese troops are still fighting in Burma, Dr. Soong added, "We will prevent the Japanese from consolidating there".

Another matter discussed was the danger of "loose talk" giving vital information to the enemy.

According to Mr. Mac-Arthy, the Canadian Minister in Washington the Council had "a quiet lecture" on the subject from President Roosevelt.

Lord Halifax the British Ambassador pointed out that the President's warning was not directed to one group.—Reuter.

Commonwealth Minister Appointed Privy Councillor

CANBERRA, May 14.

The Minister of Supply Mr. Beasley announced in the House of Representatives that the King had advised the Governor-General of Australia Lord Gowrie that he had been pleased to approve of the appointment of Doctor Evatt, Commonwealth Minister for External Affairs and special envoy to Washington and London, as Privy Councillor.—Reuter

U. S. Navy Building Powerful Units

CHICAGO, May 14.

The Assistant Secretary for the Navy, Mr. Ralph Bard, told graduates of the Northwestern University Midshipmen's School that the navy is building powerful units to strike at the Axis.

"We are building the navy with sufficient ships to control the surface sea, sufficient aircraft and carriers to control the air above the sea and sufficient submarines to ravish the enemies communications."—Reuter

In Middle East

ATTACK ON ENEMY TANKS

CAIRO, May 14.

A Middle East communique" today says: "A group of 15 enemy tanks was attacked by one of our columns in the Central sector yesterday. The enemy was dispersed and withdrew. Artillery from another of our columns in the same sector also engaged a small force of enemy tanks and forced them to withdraw. In the northern sector groups of enemy vehicles between Tmimi and Gazala were dispersed by our artillery".—Reuter.

GERMAN BOAT SUNK

BERLIN, May 14.

A German communique says in several encounters last night between German patrol boats and light British naval units off the Dutch coast one German boat was sunk and two British damaged.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA, May 13.—It is learnt that the Government of Bengal will spend Rs. 1,800,000 on the campaign to grow more food. A sum of about Rs. 31,000 is proposed to be spent on propaganda work in this connection.—United Press.

POPE'S SILVER JUBILEE

Movie Cameramen 'Shoot' Scene Of Great Austerity

VATICAN CITY, May 14.

A congregation of over 50,000 were present at a Mass celebrated in the Basilica of Saint Peter by His Holiness the Pope on the occasion of his Silver Jubilee as Bishop. Although the Basilica was lit for the benefit of movie cameramen, the scene was one of great austerity. There were no special adornments and beyond movie lights there were no particular illumination. Following the Mass, the Pontiff listened to the singing of the 'Te Deum' and then was carried in the 'Sedia Gestatoria' shoulder high to the Loggia where he imparted the Apostolic benediction "Urbi et Orbe" to the vast throng assembled in Saint Peter's square.

During the Mass, the congregation made a solemn profession of faith and renewal of baptismal vows.—Reuter.

New Identity Scheme For Baluchistan

QUETTA, May 14.

The Baluchistan authorities, it is understood, have considered the recently proposed scheme of the Government of India regarding the carrying of identity discs by persons during an emergency, and have come to the conclusion that the working of such an elaborate and complicated scheme will not be justifiable in a Province like Baluchistan with a very small population. The authorities have, however, decided to adopt a scheme on the lines of that of the Punjab Government whereby the authorities, when an emergency arises, will advise every individual to carry on his or her person such papers which may contain sufficient information for identification purposes and war risk insurances.—A. P.

Sugar Restriction In Punjab

LAHORE, May 14.

In order to avoid any restriction on the movement of sugar, pending the publication, by the Government of India, of an amplified list of "recognised dealers", factories are being permitted, says a press note, to sell their sugar through their existing agents, provided that they give the names of such agents to the Provincial Government and the Sugar Controller for India stating the quantities actually delivered by them.—A. P.

MORE CANADIAN TROOPS ARRIVE IN BRITAIN

LONDON, May 14.

Further Canadian army reinforcements have arrived safely in Britain. Virtually all branches of the service are represented including infantry, artillery, medical ordnance, and armoured units. The convoy also brought to Britain hundreds of airmen.—Reuter.

JAP DRIVE INTO YUNNAN

(Continued from Page 1.)

fighters were burned on the ground.

Two bombs hit the administration building and at least 25 more planes were damaged. One of the A. V. G. pilots is missing. All the others returned safely.

AUSTRALIA, May 14.

(Allied Headquarters)

Thursday's 'communique' states N. E. I.: Amboyna: "Our air force attacked enemy shipping at Amboyna last night sinking one 3,000 ton vessel and obtaining direct hits on two others of 3,000 and 2,000 tons respectively and setting the wharf on fire.

NEW GUINEA.—Port Moresby: Six Japanese "O"s attempting to attack an aerodrome were successfully intercepted and two were shot down and one damaged.

NEW BRITAIN:—Rabaul: Our air force attacked an aerodrome surprising a group of at least 15 enemy bombers on the runway with great damage.

Three bombers were seen to blow up and many others were severely damaged if not destroyed.

Enemy fighters were present in the air but did not engage. Enemy shipping in the harbour was also attacked."

CHINESE PRACTISE "SCORCHED EARTH" POLICY IN LASHIO

When the Japanese entered Lashio they found that it was devoid of supplies and any buildings which might have been of use to them had been destroyed. Chinese troops before leaving had evacuated supplies and wrecked buildings. This was revealed by a correspondent from Lashio who had just arrived at Chungking.

Appreciation of the effective aid given to the Chinese forces by the R. A. F. and the American Volunteer Group during the past week-end was expressed by a Chinese Government spokesman on Wednesday.

"If our forces continue to receive air support from our American and British Allies our object will be achieved".

Karachi: To prevent more guns and more ammunition from passing into the hands of the Hurs, the Sind Government has issued orders under the Arms Act and under the Defence of India Rules, suspending all gun, rifle and and revolver licences held by individual non-officials in the four talukas of Shahdadput, Sinjhoro Sanghar and Khipro, and directing their surrender at police stations before May 17.

INDIA'S DEFENCE IS THE MAIN ISSUE

Rajaji On Need For Congress-League Settlement To Meet External Danger

MADRAS, May 14.

Between the Congress Working Committee and himself, it was a matter of difference of opinion and not of difference in action, said Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, addressing a large gathering in Tamil at Gokhale Hall this evening. The hall was packed to capacity.

Some members of the audience shouting in the name of the Hindu Sabha tried occasionally to disturb the meeting. The disturbers were rebuked, and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari said that that was not the way to advance the cause of the Hindu Sabha or secure public respect for that organisation. This as well as the temper of the meeting put an end to the attempted disturbance.

When Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar said that if the A. I. C. C. had accepted his proposals, people here would have welcomed it enthusiastically, there was loud applause. The question then, he said, was not a doubt on the merits. If the question was right, he could not give it up. It was his duty to press it on the organisation which had the fate of the country in its hands. His proposals had been widely welcomed by the Muslims all over the country, and what a great change in their attitude there would have been, if the Congress had accepted them.

Congress was not, he said, an end in itself. It was only a means to achieve freedom of the country. The object of the Congress was to achieve freedom for which unity was essential.

DEFENCE OF COUNTRY, MAIN ISSUE

Mr. Rajagopalachariar said he was not attacking the Congress, but his complaint was that the Congress had not done the right thing when the country was in danger. Japan's declaration of war and their approach to India's eastern frontiers and the menace all along the coast line had completely changed the situation and the policy adopted by the Congress when the war broke out was not suited to-day. Co-operation in British war effort was no longer the issue. It became fully and entirely the defence of the motherland. Therefore it was his humble opinion that there should be a Congress-League settlement now, so that a National Government could be formed and the country could be organised to repel the aggressor.

Proceeding Mr. Rajagopalachariar said people who did not want to oppose Japan might rest content doing nothing now for the Muslim question. But those who felt seriously and earnestly that we must stand up against Japan and that otherwise we would all be ruined, must feel that the Muslim question was most urgent and should not be indefinitely postponed.

'IN THIS HOUR OF PERIL'

The country was in grave danger and the paramount need of the hour was unity. Once a settlement was arrived at between the Congress and the Muslim League, Britain would not refuse to part with management. In the hour of peril, an attitude of indifference was not justified. It would only aid the enemy.

To achieve unity, he said, they must concede the principle of self-determination of pre-dominantly Muslim areas and their right to separate, should they desire it. Once we concede this, they could secure the co-operation of the Muslim League in the formation of National Government and could take all possible effective measures to resist the aggressor. It would be an opportunity to work out mutual suspicion and fear and prove the possibility of a united India. If after the war, the Muslims still insisted inspite of persuasion and arguments on separation, they should be free to do so.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar added some people said that we should wait till a perfect government was available, and Hindus and Muslims should work together for ten years in that government, and then Muslims should be free to separate, if they so wished. But Mr. Rajagopalachariar asked how could this perfect government be secured, if they did not achieve a Congress-League settlement first. He would be very glad if any body could attain a Congress-League settlement in some manner, even if his proposal was not accepted. They had given long enough trial and the emergency did not allow further postponement. He contended that after all the Congress Working Committee had conceded all that he wanted the A.I.C.C. to concede. Even as early as 6th April 1940, said Mr. Rajagopalachariar, Mahatma Gandhi had written in the "Harijan" that unless the rest of India wished to engage in internal fratricide, the Muslim right of self-determination must be conceded as members of a joint family conceded the right of division to every member.—A.P.

ACTIVITIES OF PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL

Welfare Work In Labour Areas And Beggar Relief

The report of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council for 1941 says that notwithstanding the war the social work of the Council in its various spheres was carried on quietly and efficiently as in the past.

The beggar problem sub-committee had a very strenuous programme throughout the year. The Municipal Commissioner was approached for some special information and particulars concerning beggars and lepers in respect of the 1941 Census. Forty members of the Council volunteered their services for census of beggars.

Feeling the need for wider public help in dealing with this very difficult problem, the members of this Committee interviewed many leading citizens and Government and municipal officials with a view to enlisting their interest and co-operation in organising a representative Citizens' Association for work in connection with beggars. The question is at present engaging the attention of the Municipality. It is hoped that the Beggar Relief Society will shortly be formed in Bombay.

The health sub-committee has once again requested the Director of Public Instruction to introduce the subject of Hygiene as part of the school curriculum

Informal talks to school teachers on this subject were arranged from time to time during the period under review.

The literacy and education sub-committee has been quietly carrying on its important work as usual. Literacy classes have been conducted in Reay Road and Kermani Building. Thus during the last 107 women passed their literacy tests. It is regretted that, owing to lack of sufficient funds, this Committee cannot expand its work.

WELFARE WORK IN LABOUR AREAS.

The labour sub-committee has continued its interest in the welfare of women and children in the labour areas of the City, and the number taking advantage of the sewing and literacy classes in DeLisle Road has been maintained. A class for Muslim women was opened for a short period near the J. J. Hospital. A few entertainments and talks were arranged in the mill areas. Friendly visits to the homes in some of the DeLisle Road Chawls have been continued and patients have been persuaded to go to hospital, or have been put in touch with necessary medical help.

The parliamentary sub-committee which has for many years insisted on the need for the appointment of a representative Committee to study the entire Hindu Law and to put forward recommendations for its revision, welcomed the appointment of the Rau Committee as a most hopeful step forward and sent a detailed reply to the Questionnaire issued by the Committee.

The home industries depot, is making steady progress. The sales have increased, about Rs. 5,000 more than last year.

The peace sub-committee has functioned in its own quiet way throughout this war year, trying to maintain a wide outlook on the international situation with a view to a just and constructive peace afterwards.

In January 1940, a letter was sent by this Committee to a representative Women's Association in Britain urging their Government to co-operate in finding a solution to the Indian constitutional dead-lock.

RESCUE HOME

The work of the rescue home sub-committee as in past years, has figured prominently in the Council's programme. The financial upkeep of the Home has again been a problem. It is regretted that the response from members was not as hearty as one would expect.

The Council has had 39 Societies affiliated to it up to the end of the year and there are 742 members on the roll. The three Branches in Ahmedabad, Poona and Sholapur have all been busy rendering useful services to those in need.

BENARES 'FORWARD BLOC' SECRETARIES ARRESTED

BENARES, May 14.

Messrs. Kishori Raman Rana, Organising Secretary, and Prabin Dey, Office Secretary, Benares District 'Forward Bloc', were arrested under the Defence of India Rules. The offices of the local 'Forward Bloc' was also searched by the police.—A. P.

"CRUDITIES OF PUBLIC LIFE"

KARACHI, May 6.

"Purely on its merits, the Madras Congress Assembly Party's resolution shows keener insight into the realities of our political life and genuine appreciation of the difficulties in our path to freedom," declared Mr. B. T. Thakur, a prominent Sind Hindu leader and businessman, condemning those who attributed selfish motives to Mr. C. Rajagopalachari in the bold lead he had given to the Congress at this critical juncture.

Mr. Thakur added: "Criticisms which some of the Indian leaders and a section of the press have levelled against Mr. C. Rajagopalachari for advocating co-operation with the Muslim League has brought out in relief the crudities and shallowness of our public life."

Proceeding, Mr. Thakur says that he could understand people not agreeing with Rajaji, but it was most distressing to read expressions like "betrayal of national honour." Such views, he observed, exposed a puerile intellect. Abusive epithets were never a substitute for arguments.

Mr. Thakur concluded: "When the leaders of major political schools, who have at present no points of contact, come together the solution of our problems will be greatly accelerated through mutual respect and improved understanding which closer alliance is bound to develop".—"Hindu."

NATIONAL WAR FRONT MOVE IN POONA

U.S. Technical Mission Expresses Inability To Visit City

POONA, May 13.

The National War Front movement is to be started in Poona very shortly. A meeting to explain the object of the new movement was held at the Maharashtra Mandal, Poona, on Wednesday night.

It was addressed by Mr. R. P. Masani, Provincial leader of the front, Sir Cowasji Jehangir and Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Member of the National Defence Council.

Owing to a heavy programme of work in this country the American Technical Mission is unable to visit Poona.

A request was made on behalf of the Mahratta Chamber of Commerce, Poona, by its Secretary, Mr. A. R. Bhatt that industrialist members of the Chamber should be given an opportunity to meet the Mission in Poona.—A P

Savarkar At Poona

POONA, May 14.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, arrived here this afternoon from Bombay. Mr. Savarkar is expected to stay here for about four days.—A. P.

Azad On Spirit Of Islam

Greetings To Muslims Of China On Their United Struggle

CALCUTTA, May 14

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, has sent a reply to the message of goodwill sent by the Islamic National Salvation Federation of China through its representative, Mr. Othman K. H. Woo. In forwarding his letter to the President of the Federation, General Omar Pai Cheng Hsi, the Maulana has also presented the latter with two parts of his work "Tarjuman-ul-Qur 'an". The Maulana's letter reads as follows:—

"DEAR GENERAL OMAR PAI CHENG HSI,—I have received your kind letter through Mr. Othman K. H. Woo. You, as the President of the Islamic National Salvation Federation, have sent a message of love and goodwill, which has deeply impressed me and my people. I have the honour to present to you the sincerest sentiments of cordial gratefulness on behalf of myself and my people.

It was an occasion of utmost pleasure to have met your great leader, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek and Madame Chiang Kai-Shek. I found in his personality a great man of our times, who is moulding the destiny of a great nation; and the world with all its obstacles cannot dare to shake his indomitable courage and determination. It is a matter of great honour to fight the war of independence and democracy under the banner of such a great leader. I cordially congratulate your great nation for it, and assure you that India's heart and mind is with you in this struggle.

That part of your letter specially delighted me where you say: "We Muslims should particularly develop our spirit of struggle and sacrifice in accordance with the instructions of Islam. On the shoulders of the Muslims lies the responsibility for maintaining the sacred world peace and the protection of the freedom and order of mankind."

How correctly you have interpreted the teaching of Islam. There is nothing more to add. Undoubtedly, the fundamental spirit of Islamic teaching demands from every Muslim to be the standard-bearer of human equality and democracy in the world. In the seventh century A.C., and all the nations of the East had lost the torch of knowledge and justice, it was Islam that gave the message of fraternity and equality to mankind and emancipated them from the bondage of social and religious narrowness under which they were suffering. Brotherhood of mankind and fatherhood of God is the basic spirit of Islam.

We, the Muslims of India, are very much delighted to know that our Chinese co-religionists are fighting shoulder to shoulder with their countrymen for their country's cause, and that there is no discord between the various groups of the country. This attitude of the Chinese Muslims is undoubtedly quite in consonance with the teachings of their social religion. The spirit of Islam wants to unite man with man in every walk of life, it does not tend to create dissension.

I was very glad to have met your able representative, Mr. Othman, K. H. Woo. I hope, he will leave a similar impression wherever he goes on his noble mission in the various Islamic countries!"—A. P.

Cochin Ban On Meetings And Processions

COCHIN, May 14.

In supersession of a recent order prohibiting processions in any part of the Cochin-Kanayannur Taluk or within Trichur Municipal limits, the Cochin Government have ordered that no procession shall be held or taken out for a period of six months and that no public meetings shall be held for a period of one month in any part of Cochin State except with the permission in writing of the Commissioner of Police or any officer empowered by him. —A. P.

JUBBULPORE, May 14. Lady Twynam, wife of His Excellency the Governor of the Central Provinces and Berar perfomed today the opening ceremony of the newly constructed buildings of the Sawai Singhai Munnalal Ramchand and Lady Elgin Hospital.

His Excellency the Governor attended the function.—United Press.

I. C. S. FOUR CANDIDATES SUCCESSFUL AT OPEN COMPETITION

NEW DELHI, May 14.

In the press 'communique' dated the 1st December, 1941, relating to the vacancies offered at the examination held in Delhi for the Indian Civil Service in January, 1942, it was announced that not less than three candidates would be recruited by open competition and that two vacancies would be reserved for the nomination of Muslim candidates and one vacancy would be reserved for a candidate of the scheduled castes if a suitable candidate was available. In view of the fourth place in the competition being obtained by a Muslim candidate, the Secretary of State has decided to take four candidates by open competition and one Muslim by nomination. The names of the candidates who have been successful at the open competition are as follows:—

(1) K. Balachandran Nair, (2) Lalitchandra R. Dalal, (3) Dalip Rai Kohli, (4) Qamar ul Islam.

These candidates will be appointed to be members of Indian Civil Service on probation if they are found physically fit after medical examination.

The names of the candidates to be selected by nomination will be announced later.—A. P.

DEPUTATION TO PIR PAGARO SUGGESTED

KARACHI, (By Mail.)

A suggestion that two leading citizens of Karachi like Mr Choithram Gidwani and Mr. Jamshed Nusserwanjee Mehta should be deputed by the Government of Sind to proceed to Nagpur to meet the Pir of Pagaro and persuade him to issue a Firman to his followers in this province to give up their lawless and murderous activities is made by Mr. Shyamdas P. Gidwani in the course of a statement to the "Associated Press".

Burma Government Deals With Claims Of Employees

NEW DELHI, May 14.

Press Note:—The Government of Burma, with the concurrence of the Government of India, have appointed Lt. Col. R. R. Ewing, I. A. of the Burma Civil Service to deal with claims for payment of salaries, leave salaries, pensions, provident fund, etc. by the employees of Government and Quasi-Government bodies in Burma who are now on leave in India or evacuated to India. All such public servants from Burma may apply to Lt. Col. Ewing, whose address is care of the Home Department of the Government of Bengal, Calcutta. —A. P.

Punjab Government To Keep Wheat In Reserve

LAHORE, May 14.

It is understood that the Wheat Commissioner with the Government of India has agreed not to permit the export of wheat from the Punjab beyond a certain quantity which will not exceed one-fourth of the total crop of the Province. The remaining three-fourths, it is pointed out, is quite sufficient for the normal consumption of the population of the Province.

The Punjab Government, it is further understood, have decided to purchase wheat which will be kept in reserve for the use of civil population in case of emergency.—A. P.

Training Of Purchase Officers

THREE-MONTHS COURSE FOR SELECTED CANDIDATES.

The Government of India have decided to form a Training Class of suitable candidates who will eventually be considered for appointment to regular sanctioned posts in the Purchase and Planning Organisations of the Supply Department. The Training Class, which will be under the supervision of two senior officers conversant with purchase work and procedure, will be formally opened by the Hon. Member for Supply on May 19, 1942. Forty-one candidates have at present been selected for the Class.

The course will cover a period of three months, the first of which will be spent in lectures and tutorial classes, and the following two will be devoted to practical work in the various branches of the Supply Department at Delhi, Calcutta, Bombay and Cawnpore. At the end of the first month there will be a test. The final examination will be held at the close of the course. The appointment of selected trainees to sanctioned posts in the Supply Department will depend on their satisfactory work during the training period and the results of the examinations. Owing to the rapid expansion of the Supply Department since the outbreak of war, it has not been possible to devote the necessary time to the training of the officer-recruit to the Department. The formation of the Training Class will, it is hoped, fill this long-felt want and also create a trained reserve for future vacancies.

W. I. Championship

MUSLIMS BEAT R. A. COLABA BY 2—1

In the Western India Football Championship, the Muslims Sports Club eliminated the Royal Artillery from Colaba by the odd goal in three at the Cooperage on Thursday evening. At the interval, the Muslims led by one goal to nil. Rashad headed the ball in from the flag-kick five minutes before the break. After crossing over he increased the lead. The Gunners trying hard succeeded in reducing the margin through Proudfoot. But they failed to bring off the equaliser.

Derby Call-Over

LONDON, May 14

The first call-over for the Derby at Victoria Club London saw the King's colt BIG GAME installed a hot favourite at even money which produced special market place betting. BIG GAME was backed to win 1,500 sterling at 5/4 before evens were offered. The King's other horse Suncharot was offered 10/1; shorter prices being 5/1; Watling Street and Ujiji 9/1. Watling Street was evens in place-betting with 7/4 Ujiji; 3/1 Goldnib; and 4/1 Tribonian. Goldnib and Tribonian being respectively 100/7 and 25/1 to win.—Reuter.

Begum Shah Nawaz Supports "C. R."

LAHORE

Begum Shah Nawaz, Parliamentary Secretary to the Punjab Government and member, National Defence Council, has issued the following statement on the A. I. C. C. session:

"I was surprised and pained to read the full proceedings of the All-India Congress Committee. A responsible body like the Congress asking for self-determination for its own people, by throwing out Rajaji's resolution, is denying the same right to Muslims. That such a resolution should have been rejected by an overwhelming majority of votes and Mr. Jagat Narain's resolution should have been passed has come as a great surprise to me. By this action, the Congress has alienated a large number of friends.

There is hardly any Muslim in India who does not believe that even if some sort of a union of India is chalked out, the right to secede should be given to every unit, and I wish the Congress had not passed Mr. Jagat Narain's resolution. But I congratulate Mr. C. Rajagopalachari on the bold stand which he has taken at the meeting of the A. I. C. C. at Allahabad. He was actuated by a great and sincere motive to serve the country, by finding a permanent solution of the political problems.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES LTD.

Total Units Generated

Messrs Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated were as follows:—

19th Week (ended May 13th)		
1940	.....	15,688,800
1941	.....	18,937,600
1942	.....	16,593,200
Total for 19 Weeks (1st January to date)		
1940	.....	247,081,720
1941	.....	343,627,100
1942	.....	346,417,975

For the calendar month of April 1942, the total units of energy generated amounted to 72,579,150 and the total units sold by the three Companies to 64,309,748

Calcutta Stock Exchange

Calcutta, May 14

The market ruled steady and a moderate business was reported. Government securities continued firm.

Following are to-day's closing quotations: Government securities: 3 per cent Defence bonds 1946 100/4 small lots; 3 per cent Defence loan 1949-52 96/8 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 90/12 4 per cent loan 1960-70 104/8; 5 per cent loan 1945-55 106/8 small lot.

Bank: Reserve Bank 97.

Railway: Shahdara (Delhi) Saharanpur Railway 165 ct.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textiles 8/12 ct; Elgin Mills ord 28/4 ct; New Victoria ord 4/10 ct.

Jutes: Howrah A pref 121; Kamarhatty Pref 124 small lot.

Miscellaneous: Indian Copper 1/10; Benares Electric 14/12 ct; Indian Iron and Steel 22/9; Steel Corpn ord 13/14; Orient Paper ord 15/10.

Sugar shares: Buland 27; Raza 27/8.

Imperial Bank Of India

Calcutta, May 14

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 8th May, 1942:—

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	5,62,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other accounts	125,15,18,000
Sundries	1,01,45,000
Total	17,41,63,000

ASSETS	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government securities	70,32,13,000
Other authorised investments	1,19,20,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	9,21,52,000
Cash, credits and overdrafts	22,62,17,000
Bills discounted and purchased	6,61,50,000
Dead stock	1,76,28,000
Sundries	91,69,000
Cash in hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	23,21,98,000
Balances with other banks	1,53,16,000
Total	17,41,63,000

Shortage Of Sugar In Cawnpore

SIMLA, May 14.

It is learned that complaints continue to be received that sugar is not reaching the Cawnpore market in sufficient quantities and that such sugar as is being sold is changing hands at a price higher than the controlled price.

The sugar controller, it is understood, has called upon a well-known Cawnpore agent of a sugar factory to show cause why his name should not be removed from the list of recognised dealers. Further, in order to relieve the shortage of sugar, one factory in the neighbourhood of Cawnpore has been directed to supply 1,000 tons forthwith to dealers here. Supplies have also been made available to Bombay and Sind markets.—A. P.

Latest Commercial

COTTON

JULY

New York, May 14

Previous closing	19.47
To-day's opening	19.45
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	not received

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 14

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

July (19.48/47) 19.46/46
October (19.74/74) 19.74/73
December (19.84/83) 19.84/83

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, May 14

SEEDS

Castorseeds Bombay May/June (£20 5/8 sellers) £20 5/8 sellers

Linseed Calcutta May/June (£19 nominal) quoted

Linseed La Plata May/June (£20 1/2 quoted) £20 1/2 quoted.

Groundnuts Coromandal May/June (East Coast India shipment not quoted West Coast India shipment (£20 1/2 sellers) £20 7/8 sellers.

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62-0

Glasgow Iron No 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, May 14

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	4.03 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, May 14

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON BULLION

London, May 14

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, May 14

Spot	(23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward	(23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers

New York on Bombay (0.36) 30.36

DISCOUNT:

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) to 1 1/16 per cent.	1 1/32
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) to 1 1/16 per cent.	1 1/32
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) to 1 1/8 per cent	1 1/16

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 14

The New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors (dol 33 3/4 Ex dividend) dol 33

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 24) dol 23 5/8

United States Steel Common (dol 46 1/2) dol 45 3/8

United States Steel Preference (dol 109) dol 108 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 14

The Stock Exchange was quiet

3½ PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, May 14

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £101 3/8

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

London, May 14

5 per cent 1958/68 £101

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £82 13/16
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £106 13/16
2 per cent Conversion Loan £100
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 9/16
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £104 11/16
3 per cent War Loan £101
4 per cent Victory Bonds £113 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 17-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 34-9
Electric Music Industry 14-3
Princhin Johnson 21-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical 33-7 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary 5-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £77
Dundee 27-1 1/2
Unilever Ordinary 25-0
Ford Motors 24-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £57 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary £3 5/8
Carreas A' £5 3/16
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6-0
P and O Defd 27-9
Distillers 73-9
Bredfords Dyes 7-4 1/2
British Celanese 7-1 1/2
J and P Coates 33-16 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 3-9
Fine Cotton Spinners 8-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary 15-9
Inter Nickel dol 38 3/4
Indian Iron 33-9

TEA SHARES

Assam 11-10 1/2
Donaro Tea 21-3
Empire of India 12-6

JUTE

Barnagore £5

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 5-0
Gula Kelampong 8-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust 12-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 13-9
Burma Corporation 3-5
Rio Tintos £7 3/4
East Rand Properties £1 13/16
Rand Mines £6 1/4

MINES SHARES

Crown £8 3/8
Associated Portland Cement 46-3
Trinidad Leasehold 66-3
Sub-Nigel £6
Spring Mines Split Share £ 1 1/32
Union Corporation 13 2-6

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 36-10 1/2
Anglo-India 42-6
Burma Oil £1 2 1/2
Mexican Eagle 16-10 1/2
Shell Transport £ 2 3/16
Royal Dutch £11 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £43 1/4
London Midland Ordinary £19 1/4
London North Eastern Defd £1 3/4
London Southern Defd £15 11/32
London Transport 5 per cent £130
London Transport 'C' £40 1/2

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 14

Yarn No 6 1/2s	June 190	August 192
Yarn No 10 1/2s	June 210	August 212
Yarn No. 20 1/2s	June 308	August 310
Yarn No. 40s	June 440	August 445

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s and 40s are nominal.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 8th day of May, 1942.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	9,79,49,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	422,68,86,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	30,15,64,000
Total Notes issued	462,64,99,000
Total Liabilities	462,64,99,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 64.037 per cent.

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000
(b) Held outside India	—
Sterling Securities	251,85,11,000
Total of A.	296,26,54,000
B. Rupee Coin	28,16,48,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	138,21,97,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	—
Total Assets	462,64,99,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 8th May, 1942.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government—	
(1) Central Govt. of India	6,66,04,000
(2) Government of Burma	1,06,71,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	4,18,78,000
(b) Banks	49,97,68,000
(c) Others	1,80,40,000
Bills Payable	3,06,69,000
Other Liabilities	6 20,78,000
Rupees	82,97,08,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	9,74,76,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	4,73,000
Rupee Coin	4,99,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,90,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	—
(b) External	—
(c) Government Treasury Bills	84,87,000
Balances held abroad*	54,87,84,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	3,65,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	20,50,000
Investments	7,82,57,000
Other Assets	5,68,92,000
Rupees	82,97,08,000

*Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, May 14

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 9/32 Two months
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 Three months
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 Four months
B.C. Rates:—T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 5/32
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4: D D Rs 332 3/4.
Banks buying T T Rs 329 1/2: D D Rs 326 1/2.
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs 302 1/2: D D Rs 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs 297 3/4: D D Rs 294 3/4.
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2: D D nil
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123: D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128: D D K 128
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27: D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04: D D Rs. 62.04
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nominal: D D Esc 7.35 nominal
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55: D. D Esc 7.55
AUSTRALIA:—
Banks selling T T 1/10 3/8: D D 1/10 3/8
Banks buying T T nil: D D 1/11 3/8
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready
New York Silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 1/2 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call 1/4 per cent
1 month 1/2 per cent
2 months 3/4 per cent
3 to 5 months 1 per cent
Tone:—Easy

ALL INDIA WEATHER

POONA, May 14.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperature upto 8 a.m. on Thursday:—

Calcutta 97 80 Cuttack 98 76. Ranchi 94 71. Patna 98 82. Lucknow 105 86. Delhi 103 85. Lahore 110 82. Srinagar 82 56. Peshawar 103 75. Karachi 88 80. Nagpur 111 86. Kodaikanal 70 57. Bombay 92 81. Poona 103 69. Hyderabad Dn. 108 79. Bangalore 95 64. Madras 94 82. Shillong 75 57. Darjeeling 65 56. Mussoorie 78 53. Simla 78 75. Pachmarhi 94 76. Mahableshwar 88 68. Ootacamund 74 53.—A. P.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London May 13.

Business was again extremely quiet, operators apparently awaiting developments in the Russian situation. Giltedged were inclined to be harder. Home rails were quiet but Argentine again attracted attention and further useful gains were scored in good business. Rubbers made a late spurt stimulated by excess profit readjustment possibilities. Kaffirs after moving lower recovered and closed unchanged to a shade better. Oils were quiet. Among foreign bonds Brazil five centum 1914 was a good feature but Peruvian issues eased under profit-taking. Wall Street irregular.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, May 14

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	96 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	117 0 0

Tone:—Steady.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 14

	Old.	Ready
Bengal Fine	124-27	139/41
Berar	145-48	163/65
C. P. 1	150-53	185/88
C. P. 2	146-48	172/75
Khandesh	95-105	146/50
Muglai	112-15	163/65
Broach	110-15	174/76
Broach Low	95-100	.....

MADRAS:—The National War Front which is to be inaugurated in this Presidency by His Excellency the Governor on May 23, will be organised through the agency of paid district organisers assisted by lecturers, who will tour in their respective areas with the object of associating non-officials with the Government.

Poona Lady finds SAFE SLIMMING REMEDY

Here is the story how an advertisement helped to restore youthful vitality and radiant spirits to a lady in Poona. This lady was overweight. She looked very fat and *she felt it*. She writes saying she saw one of our Father Kruschen advertisements and started taking the Salts.

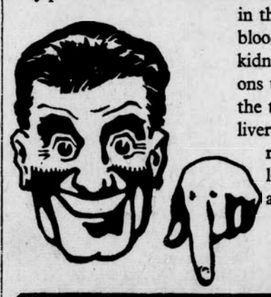
She writes:

"... after taking a spoonful of Kruschen every morning in hot water I lost 11 lbs. of unsightly fat in a week or so. I now feel fit and well."

—Mrs. S—, Poona.

Ask yourself what causes unwanted fat before trying to get rid of it. Fatty tissues are responsible for excess fat on bust, neck, arms, hips. Poisons in the system cause fatty tissues. Constipation is usually the way poisons start. Waste matter accumulates in the intestines. Poisons spread into the blood. The liver doesn't do its job. The kidneys won't expel the poisons. The poisons turn into unhealthy, unlovely fat. But the three-fold Kruschen action on bowels, liver and kidneys soon has poisons on the run! Fat goes. You feel fine, look lovely. Years roll off you. Start right away on Kruschen, the safe slim-way.

Tasteless in Tea



So cheap to buy and obtainable at all Stores, Chemists and in the bazaar.

You too can have THAT KRUSCHEN FEELING

The two essential vitamins for children are A, the body-building vitamin, and D, the growth-promoting vitamin.

Doctors find both these vitamins in BURGOYNE'S PURE COD LIVER OIL, that is why they recommend it for growing children.

Burgoyne's prepare their PURE COD LIVER OIL from selected deep-sea fish by a process which preserves the full vitamin content, preserves the full potency and preserves the full activity.

Body-building and life-giving: that is

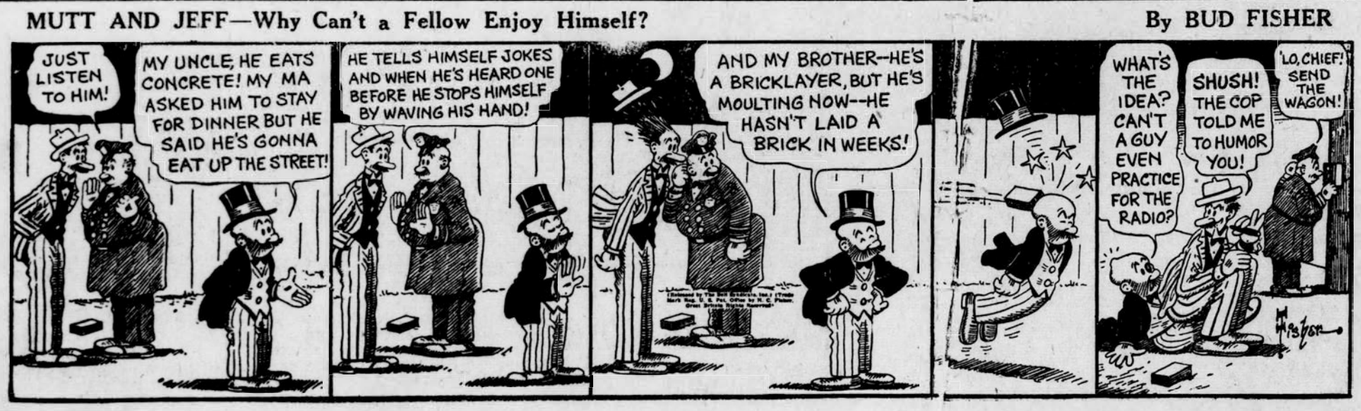
Other Burgoyne Products include
PARRISH'S CHEMICAL FOOD
EASTON'S SYRUP
EUCALYPTUS & MENTHOL PASTILLES
IODISED SARSAPARILLA
EUCALYPTUS OIL

BURGOYNE'S PURE COD LIVER OIL

Obtainable in 4- and 8-oz. bottles from all dispensaries, pharmacies and dealers.

BOMBAY: M. K. Shah & Co., Manhar Bldgs., Lohar Chawl.
CALCUTTA: H. D. Nag, 56 Dennison Lane.
MADRAS: South Indian Mercantile Co., 12 Mannars Street.

MUTT AND JEFF—Why Can't a Fellow Enjoy Himself? By BUD FISHER


JUST LISTEN TO HIM!
MY UNCLE, HE EATS CONCRETE! MY MA ASKED HIM TO STAY FOR DINNER BUT HE SAID HE'S GONNA EAT UP THE STREET!
HE TELLS HIMSELF JOKES AND WHEN HE'S HEARD ONE BEFORE HE STOPS HIMSELF BY WAVING HIS HAND!
AND MY BROTHER--HE'S A BRICKLAYER, BUT HE'S MOULTING NOW--HE HASN'T LAID A BRICK IN WEEKS!
WHAT'S THE IDEA? CAN'T A GUY EVEN PRACTICE FOR THE RADIO?
SHUSH! THE COP TOLD ME TO HUMOR YOU!
'LO, CHIEF! SEND THE WAGON!

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It is surprising how fit you feel after a cup of BOVRIL

RECORD COTTON CONSUMPTION IN U. S. A.

Routine Trade And Mill Buying

SENATE TO CONSIDER CEILING BILL

Bombay, May 14.

On Wednesday the New York cotton market was steady on routine trade and mill buying influenced record April consumption. The New York Cotton Exchange Service estimates a record consumption at 985,000 bales.

In the meantime a bill is introduced in the U.S.A. Senate proposing ceilings on wages and also farm products, either at parity or current levels It appears that the Government is bent upon to check inflation and after some modifications the Bill be adopted and will be placed beore the House of Representatives There is a large majority in favour of fixing wages and prices.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market was indecisive with scattered hedging and New Orleans selling meeting routine mill and trade support. However despite bullish Weekly Weather Report, buyers were inclined to move cautiously awaiting Washington developments. The session closed steady.

At the opening July was quoted 2 points up at 19.47 and improved to 19.48 which was the highest level. Later on there was increased selling and July declined to 19.39 which was the lowest. Prices again rallied and the market closed at a net rise of 1 to 4 points Spot cotton prices gained one point at 21.01c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was quietly steady and closed at a decline of one point to a rise of 2 points Spot cotton prices improved one point at 19.83c per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES:

N. Y. July highest (10 a.m.)	19.48+03
N. Y. July lowest (10 45 a.m.)	19.39—06

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

New York. Trade buying Small offerings. Market steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 13.

May	19.21+04
July	19.47+02
October	12.75+03
December	19.84+01
January	19.89+02
March	20.00+01
Middling spot	21.01+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, May 13.

May	19.23—01
July	19.48+01
October	19.54—01
December	20.06
January	20.06
March	20.21+02
Middling spot	19.88+01

NOON CALL.

New York, May 13.

May	unquoted
July	19.46
October	19.72

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 14.

Following a rise of 2 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 181/8 for Broach J/A delivery and after declining to Rs. 180/12 improved to Rs. 182/4 on moderate support.

Yesterday the market was broad with a large turnover. Old Bulls were reported unloading and after the close of the market prices declined to Rs. 179. There are reports of a possible Khela in Broach J/A contract but we cannot rely on such reports. However after the recent rise of over Rs. 20 it will be advisable to be cautious. Quotations at 1 p. m were as cautious.

Prices often fluctuated between Rs. 181/8 and Rs. 182/12 and later rose to Rs. 184/8 on speculative support and buying by option dealers. After advancing to Rs. 185 prices reacted to Rs. 184. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

BROACH April/May	Rs.	174	8 0
BROACH July/August		183	4 0
OOMRA May		159	8 0
OOMRA July		166	8 0
BENGAL May		137	0 0
BENGAL July		142	0 0

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below N.Y. May 1.261 cent pts at Ex. 331

Broach J/A below N.Y. July 1.250 cent pts at Ex 331

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 13

Broach A/M highest 172 1/4 lowest 168 closing 171 1/2

Broach J/A highest 183 3/4 lowest 180 1/2 closing 181

Oomra May highest 160 lowest 155 closing 159 1/4

Oomra July highest 167 lowest 165 closing 165 1/2

Bengal May highest 131 1/2 lowest 129 closing 131 1/2

Bengal July highest 137 lowest 136 closing 137

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, May 14

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P	140	137	134	131	
M G Punjab	140	137	134	131	
M G Rajputana	146	143	140	137	
M G Oomra No. 3	169	166	163	160	
M G C P No. 1	197	194	191	188	
M G C P No. 2	181	178	175	172	
M G Broach No. 2	180	177	174	171	
M G Punjabp-American	250	247	244	241	
M G Surat	325	322	319	316	
M G Rajpipla	320	317	314	311	
M G Navsari	330	327	324	321	

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 13.

T. T. London on:—

New York, sellers 4.02 1/2 buyers 4.03 1/2
Madrid, official 40.5 voluntary rate 46.55
Montreal, sellers 4.45 buyers 4.47
Zurich, sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, May 14.

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d New York spot silver was unchanged at 35 1/8 cents London Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 52-10-3. The local market was steady with moderate buying and quotations hardened as under:

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	48	9 0
1st Jeth		48	6 0
Sovereigns		35	14 0

SILVER.

Ready		80	10 0
1st Jeth		77	6 0

LONDON SILVER

London, May 13.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD.

London, May 13.

Gold bars fine per oz.	£8/8/0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, May 14.

Opening steady the market ruled easier on scattered offerings. Tata Deferreds opened at 1305 and declined to 1285 Tata Ordinaries eased off from 252 to 248. Bombay Dyeings were a little unsteady at 1055. Indian Irons were quoted at 22-12.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1305) 1305, 1285
Tata Ordinaries (254), 252, 248.
Tata Ordinary 248 Tata Deferred 1285
Indian Iron 22-12 Steel Corpn of Bengal 13-12 Bombay Dyeing 1060 Central India 325-10 Century 361-4 Gokak 244-6 Kohinoor 422-8 Simplex 171 Andhra Valley 1470 Tata Hydro 158-2 Tata Power 1355 Associated Cement 159-8 Belapur 231-4 Bombay Burma (old) 206-4

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, July 14

Groundnuts May—			
Opening	48	4	0
Highest	50	0	0
Lowest	48	4	0
Closing	49	0	0
Groundnuts August—			
Opening	48	13	0
Highest	51	2	0
Lowest	48	13	0
Closing	49	14	0
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening	25	0	0
Highest	26	4	0
Lowest	25	4	0
Closing	25	8	0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	43	2	0
Highest	44	0	0
Lowest	43	2	0
Closing	44	0	0
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	27	10	0
Highest	27	10	0
Lowest	26	14	0
Closing	27	3	0
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	45	14	0
Highest	47	6	0
Lowest	45	14	0
Closing	47	2	0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 13.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£63
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£101 3/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£82 13/16
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 13/16
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	£104 3/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114 5/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£113 7/8
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China	£6
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg.)	£51
National Bank of India	£21 1/2

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Quietly Steady

Bombay, May 14.

The local Share Bazar was quietly steady with a limited turnover. There was some enquiry for Central Bank and Tata Oil Shares while Steel Shares were quiet. Tata Steel Dfds after advancing to Rs. 1306 downturned to Rs. 1290 and Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 251. These shares are expected to receive handsome dividends and naturally are keeping steady.

The market is now free from speculative activity and price fluctuations are bound to be narrow. This is but normal in cash market where every purchase is to be followed by actual delivery This goes to prove that all wide price movements were mainly to pure and simple speculative activity on a large scale

Wall Street experienced the sharpest reaction on Wednesday. Since the inception of the forward movement late in April Leaders were sold off upto 2 dollars and a less favourable technical position after previous day's mild retreat, displayed accelerated selling. U. S. Steel Shares declined 1 1/4 at 45 1/2 Anaconda Copper shares declined 1/8 at 23 3/4 and General Motors closed 7/8 down at 33 1/8 dollars.

TEXTILES

Bombay, May 14.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	310	0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1050	0
100	CENTURY	364	0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	326	0
100	Colaba X. D.	162	0
100	Cooria	117	8
250	Dawn	675	0
250	David	300	0
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd.	2	9 6
100	FINLAY	189	0
100	GOKAK	246	8
1000	Hindustan	2210	0
100	Indore	270	0
100	Khatau	240	0
100	KOHINOOR X. D.	425	0
250	LAXMI	730	0
100	Madhusudan	320	0
100	MORARJI	467	8
250	Model X. D.	208	12
50	MYSORE	125	0
200	NEW GREAT X.D.	225	0
100	Podar X. D.	181	4
100	Phoenix	385	0
25	Sassoon Silk X. D.	80	0
1000	Sholapur	5610	0
50	SIMPLEX	175	0
100	SWADESHI	395	0
100	SWAN	180	0
500	Vishnu X.D.	1525	0
1000	Western	1550	0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda X. D.	104	0
25-50	Central India X. D.	43	4
500	Imperial	1510	0
125-500	Imp. Cont.	356	4
50-100	India X. D.	138	0
100	RESERVE BANK	99	8
5	Union X. D.	6	2

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED X. D.	159	0

INSURANCE

15-75	New India	45	0
100	Empire	700	0
15-100	Jupiter	13	0
20	Mercantile	60	0
200	Oriental	3525	0
10-50	Vulcan	8	12

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmedabad Old X. D.	175	0
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1510	0
10	Ajmer	13	6
50	BOMBAY TRAMS	129	0
100	Bombay Suburban	162	8
10	Broach	14	0
100	Karachi	187	8
100	Poona X D.	215	0
100	Surat	182	8
100	TATA HYDRO	153	0
1000	TATA POWER	1355	0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij X. D.	875	0
100	C. Province	105	12
100	Dhond Baramati	104	4
100	Gujarat	103	0
100	Mandra Bhon	101	0
100	Pachora Jamner	92	8
100	Sara Sirajganj	96	0

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation	1	11
2sh.	Indian Copper	1	12 6
10	Indian Iron and Steel X. D.	22	12
10	SHIVRAJPUR	29	8
10	Mukund Iron	13	15
30	TATA STEEL DEFD	1350	0
75	TATA STEEL ORD	255	0
10	Steel Corporation	13	14

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	445	0
10	Air Services	3	0
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	233	0
200	Bombay Safe Deposit	650	0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	325	0
125	B. BURMA	215	0
50	Contributory	70	0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	1	1 6
100	IND. BLEACHING	137	0
50	Ind. Invest. Trust X. D.	43	0
100	Indian Radio Def	360	0
100	Indian Radio Ord.	342	8
100	Port Canning	78	0
30	PREMIER CONSTRUCTION	108	8
15	Scindia	17	12
25	Tata Oil	46	12
24	Tata Chemical	14	4
100	Wimco X. D.	216	4

PREFERENCE

7	per cent Vishnu	715	0
7	per cent Andhra Valley	1502	0
6	per cent Bom. Steam	317	8
7	per cent Bombay Tram (T.F.) X.D.	76	0
5	per cent Central India (T.F.)	675	0
6	1/4 per cent Premier Const 1st X.D	118	0
6	1/4 per cent Premier Cons 2nd X.D.	117	8
7	per cent Tata Hydro	142	0
7	1/2 per cent Tata Power X.D.	1545	0
5	per cent Tata Steel 1st	190	0
7	1/2 per cent Tata Steel 2nd	117	0

DEBENTURES

4	per cent Andhra Valley Deb.	100	4
4	per cent Bombay Telephone	48	0
5	per cent Morarji	102	8
4	per cent Tata Power Deb.	105	8
5	per cent Sholapur	71	8

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, May 14.

2 3/4 per cent 1948-52	94/10
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	91
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan	95/4
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan	97
3 per cent 1963-65	90/10
4 per cent 1960-70 Loan	104/12
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	101/12
3 per cent War Bonds	100/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan	100/4
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan	108/12

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 Loan	106/12
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	112
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	122

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947	100/4
4 per cent M Deb 1947	104/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959	110
6 per cent M Deb 1954	120
5 per cent K P T 1956	117

Tone:—Firm.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, July 14

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year
Khandesn	414	77,027	97,794
Central India	.....	29,980	135,733
Barsi and Nagar	.....	53,018	109,706
Hyderabad/Gaorani	.....	16,566	42,928
Berar	.....	176,616	358,714
Central Provinces	.....	86,894	75,321
Total Oomras	414	440,101	820,136
Dholeras	.....	30,899	83,787
N W Provinces	.....	1,425	1,306
Rajputana	.....	402	5,496
Sind-Punjab	83	405,133	504,683
Broach	.....	314,804	224,461
Coompta & Dharwar	....	15,996	81,452
Westerns-Northerns	157	12,746	73,741
Cocanada	.....	.....	239
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	98	12,148	2,615
Arrived by road to 7th May 1942	.....	92,500	288,133

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 14

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs 125 28 118 35 117 42 115 49-56 113

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21 Rs. 104 24 103 28 100 35 96 42 90 49-56 88

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 74 Rosita Rs. 72 Country make Rs. 54 Pigleal 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 33/8 per cwt.

Tin Ingot Penang Rs. 98 per qr.

SETTLEMENT RATES

Copper sheets Ashad Rs. 117

Market tone:—Steady.

LONDON WHEAT

London, May 13.

Stockholm, sellers 16.85	buyers 16.96	
Rozario Santa fe	May/June quoted	£24/9
Barletta Russo	May/June quoted	£24/9
Australian Wheat	May/June quoted	£8

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BOMBAY
Esplanade Maidan (North), Dhobi Talao, Bombay No. 1.
CALCUTTA
3 May Road, Hastings.
CAMPBELLPORE
COIMBATORE
Trichi Road.
DELHI
No. 1, Lothian Road, Kashmere Gate.
JHELUM
Jada Road.
JULLUNDUR CANTT.
No. 1, Cantonment.
KARACHI SADDAR
10|1, Fowler Lines.
LAHORE
30 Davis Road.
LUDHIANA
Sheepshank Road.
LUCKNOW
Eastern Area, Hazratganj.
MADRAS
Pudupet Lines, Pudupet, Mount Road P.O.
NARAYANGANJ
Tan Bazar.
NAGPUR
Assembly Rest House, Narayanganj.
PATNA
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Friday, May 15, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VACANT

GRAVE CHARGES AGAINST REWA RULER

Enquiry Should Inspire Public Confidence, Says Narendra Deo

LUCKNOW, May 13.

Acharya Narendra Deo, President, Central India States People's conference has issued the following statement:—

The Rewa affair has caused much excitement amongst subjects of the State. Serious allegations have been made against the Maharaja and an enquiry is being made into the charges preferred against him.

I am not in a position to say anything about the merits of the case nor does the personal aspect of the matter possess any interest for me. All that the public can demand in this connection is that the enquiry should be open and impartial and the personnel of the commission of enquiry should be such as may inspire public confidence.

It is necessary to emphasise this point because we have learnt it from experience that motives behind such acts are generally political. The political department is more concerned with the policies of a ruler than with his administration.

The states system is a relic of the feudal age and is an anachronism in the modern world. It should be abolished as such. The Baghel Khan Congress Committee stands and works for responsible government in the state under the aegis of the ruler. It cannot lend its support to a demand for the restoration of the personal rule of the Maharaja.

It should refuse to be distracted by these events and should continue to carry on vigorous agitation for the establishment of responsible Government.

The best course for the Government is to reinstate the Maharaja as the constitutional head of the State. Establishment of Responsible Government is the only remedy for the many ills from which the people of the States suffer.

Continuity of progressive and just administration can only be ensured if the personal and autocratic rule is abolished and the ruler is made responsible to his people. Nor can matters improve by simply withdrawing some of the powers of the ruler or by change in the personnel.

Substitution of bureaucratic rule under the Political Department in place of the Maharaja's personal rule will be worse, as has been amply proved in many cases with the growth of the national movement. Both in British India and the States, the Government has become more and more reactionary and now political considerations weigh most with it in determining its course of action.

I cannot, therefore, with equanimity look upon the prospect of a minority administration and the bureaucratic rule under the Political Department.—A P

2 ARRESTED IN SWEDISH CONSUL THEFT CASE

MADRAS, May 14

The City Police have arrested two more persons one shroff and a gold-smith in connection with the theft of valuable properties belonging to the Swedish Consul reported yesterday.—A P

WAR RISK (FACTORIES) INSURANCE

NEW DELHI, May 14.

Owing to heavy congestion in railway traffic, the receipt of forms prescribed under the War Risks (Factories) Insurance Rules by Government agents has been delayed and the Government of India have therefore, decided to postpone the date of inauguration of the scheme and of compulsory insurance to May 29, 1942. This will not in any way affect the provisions regarding the grant of cover retrospectively from April 1, 1942 which will now be given to those, who apply in the proper form on or before May 29, 1942.

SURAT TO REVIVE PAPER INDUSTRY

SURAT, May 12.

Surat, which once boasted of the biggest paper mill in India, is to take measures to revive this industry again.

The City Unemployment Relief Committee during the week-end discussed the question of setting up indigenous paper plants absorbing about 500 persons per unit and has requested a technical expert to draw up a detailed scheme.

Special attention will be devoted to find out whether this hand made paper could be utilised for printing small size newspapers which do not use the rotary.—A. P.

EVACUEE PROBLEMS TO FIGURE IN FEDERATION MEETING

Businessmen To Discuss Crowded Agenda On Saturday

Problems regarding Indian evacuees from Malaya and Burma in general and Indian merchants evacuated from these places in particular, will be discussed at a meeting of the Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry which will be held in Bombay on Saturday, Mr. G. L. Mehta will preside.

There is a crowded agenda before the Committee and prominent businessmen from all over India are expected to attend the meeting.

The visit of the American Technical Mission and the possible repercussions on Indian trade and commerce, as a result of the interim and long-range recommendations made and proposed to be made by the Mission, will figure prominently in the discussions. The American Technical Mission has already met some leading representatives of the Federation and other Indian industrialists at Delhi, and it also met some of the member bodies of the Federation at Calcutta.

The other questions included in the agenda for discussion are the "Scorched Earth" policy, activities of the United Kingdom Commercial Corporation and Excess Profits Tax Investment Scheme, as outlined by the Finance Member in his last budget speech which is also coming up for consideration before the Post War Reconstruction Committee, Number 4, in Delhi, in the third week of May. The policy of Price Control pursued by the Government in respect of sugar, wheat, etc., will also be discussed.

AXIS FAILS TO STIR UP TROUBLE IN KABUL

NEW DELHI, May 14.

The Axis legations in Kabul are mortified at the failure of their efforts to stir up a trouble among the Frontier tribesmen, on whom money was lavished in the hope of securing instruments of Axis designs to create a frontier diversion.

The continued presence of the legations in Kabul, nevertheless, constitutes a delicate problem. The Afghan Government are presumably watching the situation as they hold their neutrality as a cardinal principle of Afghan Policy.—A.P.

The Ahmedabad Municipality has sanctioned a sum of rupees one lakh for A.R.P. measures in the city including rupees 35,000 for propaganda, rupees 2,000 for repairing wells and rupees 28,000 for painting roads and trees white for preventing accidents when complete black-out is enforced.—A. P.

RICH FARE IN FOREIGN FILMS

Ida Lupino and Louis Hayward in Ladies in Retirement' at Excelsior.

'A YANK IN R A. F. AT CAPITOL

The thrilling story about Britain's flying fighters, "A Yank in the R. A. F." is an outstanding film, with action dominating the story. Tyrone Power is magnificent as the Yank Betty Grable is grand as his American dancer sweetheart.

Tyrone Power gives his finest performance as the bored Yank who is anxious to go into action. A flippant young man, he again has the kind of role which demands and gets superb acting. And Betty Grable, in her first dramatic role, shows that she is tops as an actress. In addition to her dramatic scenes in which she excels, she sings and dances to two new hit tunes by Leo Robin and Ralph Rainger, "Hi-Ya Love" and Another Little Dream Wont Do Us Any Harm."

The thrilling story follows the Yank pilot as he joins the R. A. F. Bored by the instruction he must take and the discipline of the corps, he rebels and incurs the enmity of his commander. Losing the love of his dancing sweetheart, he sets the stage for the stirring, smashing climax high in the clouds over Dunkirk.

Rosalind Russel and Clark Gable in "They met in Bombay at Metro in 2nd week.

"HOW GREEN WAS MY VALLEY" STAYS FOR THIRD WEEK

Marvellous 20th Century Fox Production Of Year

Lavishly prepared, carefully planned and magnificently executed, "How Green Was My Valley" emerges as a picture so true and beautiful that it will continue to shine forth as one of Hollywood's truly great achievements. It will run for the third week at Regal.

Told in terms of sentiment and the singing rhythm of the Welsh people, this 20th Century-Fox production is a motion picture of great poetic charm and dignity, a picture rich in visual fabrication and in the vigour of its imagery.

This is the brave story of a family never conquered not by armed men or hardship, hunger or hate nor by the turbulent years that stole the greenness from their valley. A great book brought faithfully to the screen, "How Green Was My Valley" has captured with honesty and strength all the wonderful characterization of the Llewellyn novel its vivid scenes, such as the wedding celebrations, or the Welsh miners marching home from their daily work in the coal pits, the power of its drama, as when the preacher denounces the hypocrisy of the villagers; and its haunting charm, as when a young boy is given the faith and courage to walk once again.

The cast is uncommonly perfect. To single out one performance from another is difficult, inasmuch as each actor contributes so outstandingly to the film's entertainment. Walter Pidgeon's portrayal of the memorable Rev. Gruffydd is superb and makes the stardom of this sterling and popular actor even greater than before. Maureen O'Hara as Angharad reaches rare dramatic heights with her beauty and her fine talent. Donald Crisp plays the father with simple grandeur and great dramatic force; and Anna Lee makes Bronwen a believable and fascinating character.

Little Roddy McDowall, around whom the story revolves, is without doubt the discovery of the year. His is a performance that will long be remembered, even among the wealth of remarkable fine acting which abounds in the picture.

Director John Ford has taken the fine scenario which Philip Dunne had fashioned from the Llewellyn novel and transformed it into a motion picture of quality and distinction. It is undoubtedly Ford's finest effort and most distinguished achievement.

Chinese Characters In 'They Met In Bombay'

Clark Gable and Rosalind Russell have three versatile actors noted for their portrayals of widely popular oriental characters cast with them in "They Met in Bombay," now in second week at Metro.

The trio comprises Peter Lorre, Keye Luke and Sen Yung. In "They Met in Bombay," he portrays a sinister Chinese, a sea captain on whose ship Gable and Miss Russell take refuge in fleeing from Bombay, India.

Recently Sen Yung drew critical praise for his portrayal of a be-spectacled Chinese lawyer in Bette Davis' "The Letter." In "They Met in Bombay", Luke portrays a Chinese detective, Sen Yung is Gable's and Miss Russell's houseboy in Hong Kong, to which they flee from Bombay.

"We Are Not Alone" At Opera House

James Hilton's great dramatic story presenting Paul Muni in an outstanding character role, "We are not alone" will be shown at the Opera House on Sunday at 10 a.m. In support of Muni are Flora Robson and Jone Byran. Admission prices are at half rates

Boxing Championship

A special feature depicting the sensational knock-out fistic clash between Joe Louis and Buddy Baer for the Heavyweight Championship of the world, with an introduction by Wendell Willkie, will be shown at the Excelsior this week in conjunction with the feature attraction "Ladies In Retirement."

SUNDAY SHOW AT METRO

On Sunday May 17th at 10 a.m. Cary Grant, Katharine Hepburn and James Stewart in "The Philadelphia Story" an M. G. M. production.

SUNDAY SHOW AT CAPITOL

On Sunday, May 17 at 10-30 a.m. Bette Davis and Leslie Howard in "Petrified Forest."

"LADIES IN RETIREMENT" AT EXCELSIOR

Louis Hayward And Ida Lupino Starred

Columbia's suspenseful new drama, "Ladies in Retirement" comes this week to Excelsior. The film, starring Ida Lupino and Louis Hayward, possesses not only a superb cast and matchless story but a breathlessly haunting background of hidden fury, of dark deeds and slumbering desires.

Appearing in brilliant support of the principals are a carefully chosen cast of character-players. Lovely Evelyn Keyes, who recently rose to stardom as a result of her superb romantic performance in Columbia's unusual "Here Comes Mr. Jordan," provides an equally valid characterization as the little country maid with a penchant for amorous mischief and a weakness for handsome strangers. Elsa Lanchester and Edith Barrett, the latter a Broadway star making her screen debut, are superb as Miss Lupino's elder sisters; their vagaries give the film a wealth of humour.

Ida Lupino is seen in "Ladies in Retirement" as an actress' lonely, lovely companion. Her devotion to her sisters, her burning desire to establish them securely, the desperate lengths to which she goes, all contribute to the fascinating narrative. As an unprincipled scoundrel, not averse to embezzling, swindling or blackmail, Hayward is equally superb. The conflict between the two is captured by director Charles Vidor and cameraman George Barnes in matchless fashion.

"Road To Zanzibar" At Palace

"Road to Zanzibar", Paramount's new comedy with music, starring Bing Crosby, Bob Hope and Dorothy Lamour, is at The Palace this week. This new film is even funnier than the first picture in which these three stars appeared, "Road to Singapore". The laughs in "Road to Zanzibar" come even more frequently, they are even sharper, the situations even more hilarious and the music just a little more contagious.

SUNDAY SHOW AT REGAL

On Sunday, May 17 at 10-30 a.m. "How Green Was My Valley" will be shown.

Khan Saheb Khadim Hussein Khan (left) will give a programme of classical Indian Music at Nappoo Hall, Matunga, tomorrow (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.), and Tabla Vadnacharya Kamurao Mangeshkar will play on the Tabla.

Because China Can't Speak As Churchill Did

Japs Still Continuing Gas And Bacterial Warfare: Allies Must Force Japan To Stop Monstrosity

CHUNGKING, May 14.

The Chinese authorities have been drawing the attention of the Allied Government to the employment of gas and even bacteriological warfare by the Japanese, according to a spokesman at a press conference here.

"The chief reason why China has failed to stop the repeated use of such warfare by the Japanese is that China has not been in a position to speak about reprisals as Mr. Churchill was able to speak to Hitler.

The Allies now are able to bring the war into the heart of Japan as well as Germany and Japan ought to realise that the United Nations will not allow her indefinitely to enjoy immunity for resorting to inhuman warfare."—Reuter.

CASE AGAINST LUCKNOW EDITOR

LUCKNOW, May 13.

The case against Mr. Anis Ahmad Abbasi, editor of the daily "Haqiqat" of Lucknow and a member of the Press Advisory Committee, who was arrested for publishing an alleged objectionable article and was subsequently released on bail was taken up to-day by Mr. C. M. Lloyd Jones, the City Magistrate, when two prosecution witnesses were examined.

The hearing has been fixed for May 23.—A. P.

ALL-INDIA TRIVEDI MEWADA BRAHMIN PARISHAD

The 12th session of the All-India Trivedi Mewada Brahmin Parishad will be held at Modasa ('via' Talod A.P. Rly.) on 16th and 17th May, (Saturday and Sunday). Dr. Sankleshwar Bhagwanlal Pandya has been elected President of the session.

SCARCITY OF SALT IN AFGHANISTAN

NEW DELHI, May 14.

Scarcity of salt is reported in Afghanistan, where Government are considering the possibility of placing the sale of this commodity under Government Control.

Afghanistan has a number of large lakes and adequate supplies of good quality salt are available in the lake, 80 miles west of the Herat, on the Afghan-Persian Border, which Afghans intend to exploit.—A. P.

Col. C. K. Nayudu

INDORE, May 10.

Major C. K. Nayudu the well-known Cricketer, has been promoted to the rank of Lt. Col. by Indore Government.

INDORE, May 12:—In view of the prevalence of cholera in Indore City and in order to prevent its spread to other parts the Holkar Government have opened a number of innoculation centres in the City where inoculation is given free to the public.

HAILE SELASSIE'S RETURN TO THRONE

Anniversary Observed In Westminster

LONDON, May 14.

Princess Tenagne Worg, the elder daughter of the Emperor of Abyssinia attended a ceremony held in Westminster Abbey on Wednesday to commemorate the first anniversary of the restoration of the Emperor to the throne of Ethiopia.

Representatives of all allied nations were present.

Two crosses demonstrating the bonds of friendship between Abyssinia and Britain were carried in procession.

They were Gold Crosses of Abyssinia which came into the Abbey's keeping in 1902 when the sudden illness of King Edward VII involved postponement of the Coronation and the Ivory Processional Cross of Abyssinia made from a tusk which was laid on the grave of the unknown warrior in 1924.

The service to-day was conducted by the Dean of Westminster.—Reuter.

AMENDMENT TO ELECTRICITY ACT

MADRAS, May 14.

It is learnt that a representation to amend the Indian Electricity Act, so that at least fifteen per cent of the total electric energy consumed in a factory should be allowed for light and fans, and the benefit of the concessional rate given to the motive power consumed by the factory, has been made to the Government by the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry.

It is stated that under the Indian Factory Act, factory owners have to maintain a certain standard of sanitation and enough lights and fans should be provided for the benefit of the labourers —United Press.

CHARLIE CHAN — START THE WIRES BUZZING — By Alfred Andriola

AN EXTORTION LETTER! THIS IS OUTRAGEOUS! HOW DARE THIS CROOK! THREATEN ME!
THE HAWK! WHY HE'S THE LEADER OF THE CRIME RING IN CENTROPOLIS!
SO THE HAWK IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE TERRIBLE CRIME CONDITIONS IN CENTROPOLIS! WELL —!
HE'S DANGEROUS, SIR! HE'S THREATENED TO BLAST YOUR NUMBER TWO FURNACE, SIR— AND HE'LL DO IT, IF...
HAGAR, I WON'T SURRENDER TO THIS— THIS HAWK!
HE CAN'T BLUFF ME! JENKS, USE THAT RADIO PHONE AND GET ME CHIEF OF POLICE McCOY IN CENTROPOLIS!
Alfred Andriola
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Announcement.

The Great Social

Life and General Assurance Ltd.
is pleased to announce that
Mr. AMRITLAL OJHA
has kindly accepted the Chairmanship of the Board of Directors of this Company.

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